



OMTP

MOBILE TERMINAL TESTING

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 DOCUMENT PURPOSE

Background

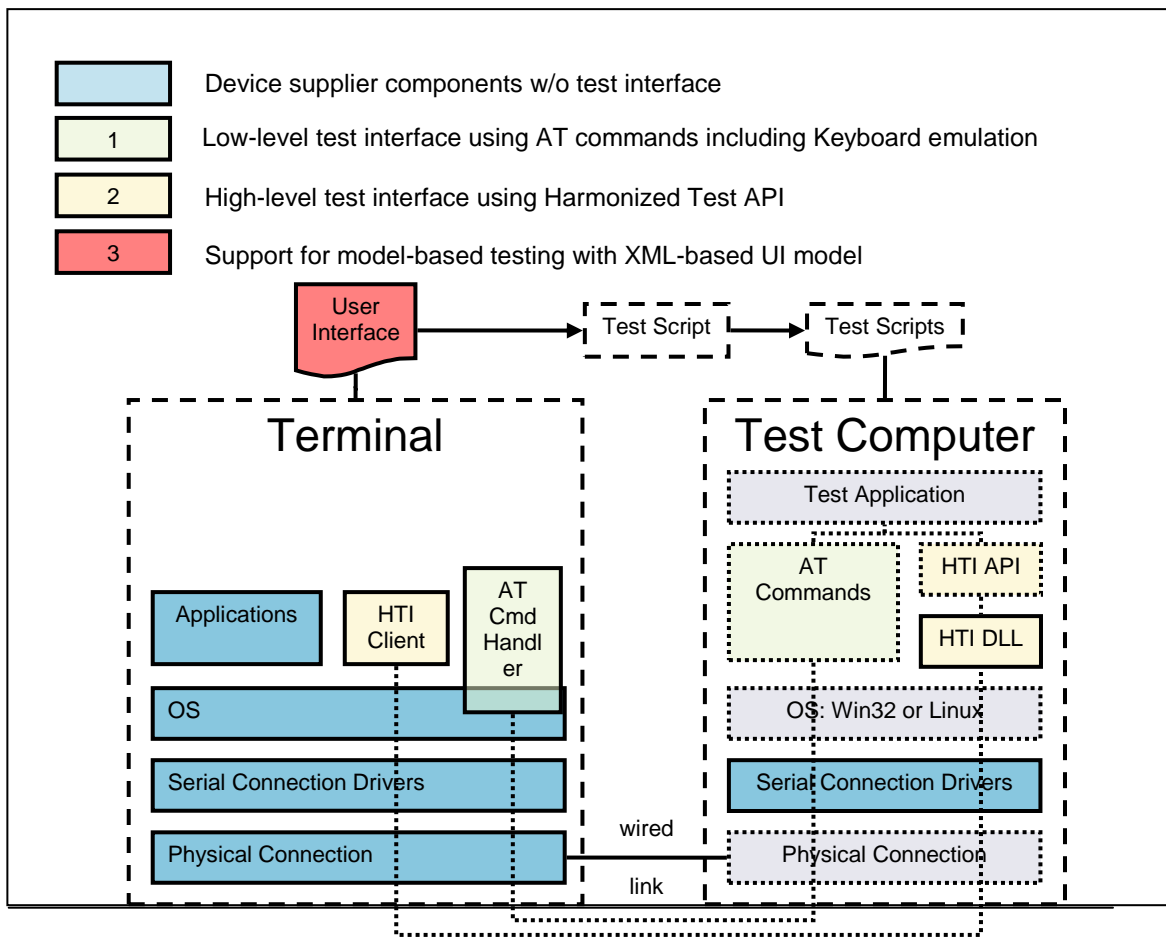
Today's diversity of Terminals and mobile platform implementations results in manual testing across the ecosystem of manufacturers, operators and software developers which in turn drives up costs and time efforts. The market offers testing solutions (for example, Mercury), however all are limited to certain execution environments.

Today, there are no existing standards available that enable consistent automated testing of keyboard input, capturing screenshots, screenshot checksum validation or other Terminal diagnostics such as memory status across platforms.

Approach

Several methods will be discussed as illustrated below to provide a harmonised interface for Terminal testing.

Figure 1: Approach for Harmonised Test Interface



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Deliverable

The OMTP Mobile Terminal Testing project will deliver a set of functional Terminal requirements, interfaces and recommendations that are essential for mobile Terminal (Applications and Services) end-to-end test automation using a wired link. Wireless connections, datacards and modems are out of the scope of this document.

1.2 BUSINESS RATIONALE

Mobile Terminal testing is an important element in the mobile service delivery value chain. However, the diversity of Terminals and mobile platforms implementations results in manual testing across the ecosystem of manufacturers, operators and software developers. Issues which are faced include:

- The difficulty of replicating Terminal defects reliably
- The inability to accurately perform regression, comparison or benchmark testing between Terminals, warranty period simulation testing, or end-to-end service testing
- The possibility that a defect reaches the end-user ending up with costly returns or poor service take-up
- The cost in resources and time needed for manual testing, with multiple languages and variations

Today the mobile industry faces a fragmented and sometimes absent approach to test automation. This effectively limits the number of Terminals, services and applications that can be launched. Increasing the amount of manual testing that needs to be done before Terminals, services and applications are in service and with the cost and resource constraints. The situation is not likely to change as the number of Terminals, variations and the pace of development is constantly increasing.

Having a common set of APIs implemented across different execution environments enable automated testing. However, controlled and secure access would greatly limit manual testing efforts for both manufacturers and operators.

1.3 INTENDED AUDIENCE

The audiences for this recommendation:

- Any party conducting functional testing with mobile Terminals including Operators and Terminal vendors.

- Standards organisations taking the OMTP output as input for deeper standardisation to facilitate automated and secure testing across execution environments.
- The recommendation will be available for request by operators and delivered by Terminal manufacturers, platform and application vendors. The final consistent testing interfaces can then be used by all those parties (vendors, operators, GCF, OMSI, etc.) conducting Terminal testing.

1.4 CONVENTIONS

The key words “MUST”, “MUST NOT”, “REQUIRED”, “SHALL”, “SHALL NOT”, “SHOULD”, “SHOULD NOT”, “RECOMMENDED”, “MAY”, and “OPTIONAL” in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC2119 [1].

- **MUST:** This word, or the terms "REQUIRED" or "SHALL", mean that the definition is an absolute requirement of the specification.
- **MUST NOT:** This phrase, or the phrase "SHALL NOT", mean that the definition is an absolute prohibition of the specification.
- **SHOULD:** This word, or the adjective "RECOMMENDED", mean that there may exist valid reasons in particular circumstances to ignore a particular item, but the full implications must be understood and carefully weighed before choosing a different course.
- **SHOULD NOT:** This phrase, or the phrase "NOT RECOMMENDED" mean that there may exist valid reasons in particular circumstances when the particular behaviour is acceptable or even useful, but the full implications should be understood and the case carefully weighed before implementing any behaviour described with this label.
- **MAY:** This word, or the adjective "OPTIONAL", mean that an item is truly optional. One vendor may choose to include the item because a particular marketplace requires it or because the vendor feels that it enhances the product while another vendor may omit the same item. An implementation which does not include a particular option **MUST** be prepared to interoperate with another implementation which does include the option, though perhaps with reduced functionality. In the same vein an implementation which does include a particular option **MUST** be prepared to interoperate with another implementation which does not include the option (except, of course, for the feature the option provides.)

The requirements within this document are uniquely identified using the following format:

MTT-####(.#.#)(a), where:

- MTT is the acronym identifying the subject of this OMTP document (Mobile Terminal Testing)
- #### is a 4 digit number that identifies the requirement (e.g. 0020) and which is to be unique within the document.
- (.#.#) are numbers that indicate sub-requirements (e.g. 00020.1 & 00020.2 which would be sub-requirements of 00020 and 00020.1.1 & 00020.1.2 which would be sub-requirements of 00020.1)
- (a) is one lower-case letter used to indicate a minor revision has been made to the requirement definition.

2 USE CASES

2.1 KEY OPERATOR USE CASES

The key operator use cases are listed below in priority order.

2.1.1 USE CASE GROUPING 1 – AUTOMATED TESTING PRESALES

Automated testing of Terminals before market launch via a test application resident on a test computer.

The possible testing scope might cover:

- Application testing to verify the correct functionality of e.g. browser, MMS, E-Mail,
- Stress and reliability testing,
- Detection of memory leaks,
- Performance measurements,
- Analysis of influence of external parameters (e.g. Network) through good reproducible test scenarios.

2.1.2 USE CASE GROUPING 2 – AUTOMATED TESTING POST-SALES

Automated testing of Terminals post-sales (e.g. in-store customer service scenarios) via a test application resident on a test computer, for example by re-using the same interfaces that are used for diagnostics purposes.

2.1.3 USE CASE GROUPING 3 – NETWORK MONITORING

Automated monitoring of network functionality by periodical usage and an automated analysis of network functionality, performance and stability should be enabled.

2.2 POSSIBLE FUTURE OPERATOR USE CASES

The following use cases are out of scope of this document. They may however be addressed in a future release of this document.

2.2.1 USE CASE GROUPING 1 – REMOTE TESTING

Managing test sessions via a testing application installed on the Terminal.

2.2.2 USE CASE GROUPING 2 – DISABLED PEOPLE

An additional benefit of test control will be the ability of easier control of the Terminal for disabled people. The Terminal can be connected to a special computer for handicapped people which allows an external



control for the Terminal, for example using a Braille reader or large zoom in case of refractive errors.

3 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

To enable end to end automated Terminal testing, this section outlines and groups the underlying requirements as follows:

- General Terminal Requirements
- General Attention (AT) Commands
- Extension of AT Commands
- Abstracted Command Interface
- General Connectivity Requirements
- Security Requirements
- Navigation Aid Requirements

3.1 GENERAL TERMINAL REQUIREMENTS

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-0010	The functionality and system performance of the Terminal MUST be identical if accessed through the test control versus if a Terminal button is manually pressed, e.g. no major additional delay by the Application Execution Environment (AEE) in processing the command.
MTT-0020	The Terminal SHOULD support the test access to general Terminal information that is also available to the user.
MTT-0030	The Terminal MAY support the tracing of networking IP traffic. The output file should be in a standardised format, e.g. LIBCAP (only broadcasts and information directly addressed to the Terminals interface SHALL be capture. Capturing in promiscuous mode SHALL not be allowed).
MTT-0040	The device SHOULD support the capture of the display as a screenshot in a defined format (e.g. bitmap) such that it can be re-used for further diagnostics.
MTT-0040.1	The performance of the Terminal SHOULD not be influenced significantly when reading out the display.
MTT-0050	The Terminal MUST be rechargeable when connected to a test computer using the cable connection (e.g. USB) between the Terminal and the Test Computer or using a parallel charger connectivity.

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-0050.1	The chargers MUST provide enough current to supply the Terminal under normal testing circumstances including all commands that are specified in this document.
MTT-0060	The Terminal SHOULD provide programmatic access to every physical key on the Terminal.
MTT-0070	The Terminal MUST support either the AT command Interface (as described in chapter 3.2 and 3.3) or the HTI interface (as described in chapter 3.4).
MTT-0070.1	If the Terminal only supports HTI, the manufacturer SHOULD deliver a possibility to control the radio stack through the test control.
MTT-0080	<p>If the device supports HTI, the device manufacturer SHALL enable access by network operators, test houses or other authorised agencies to the HTI using a secure access mechanism which SHALL prevent unintentional, accidental and limit the threat of malicious access.</p> <p>Note: The access method used shall be the choice of the individual device manufacturer and may include, but shall not be restricted to, specialised hardware dongles, hardware adapters, activation/deactivation using authorised key stroke entry, activation using a digitally signed client software installation.</p>
MTT-0080.1	There MUST be a physical interaction of the user on the Terminal under test before the HTI can be utilised.
MTT-0080.2	If the Terminal supports HTI, the access to the HTI MUST be possible with each (commercial) software.
MTT-0080.3	If the HTI access is controlled by software there SHOULD be an initial user confirmation when enabling the HTI.
MTT-0080.4	The access to the HTI must not be affected by power-cycling the phone.
MTT-0090	If the Terminal supports AT command interfaces and HTI interface, it SHOULD be possible to use both in parallel.

3.2 GENERAL AT COMMANDS

This section covers AT commands already specified in 3GPP [3] and [4], especially those commands which are essential to enable Terminal testing through an AT command interface, but defined as optional.

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
	ITU-T V.250 / 3GPP TS 27.007 Basic AT commands
MTT-0100	The Terminal MUST support the &F or Z command ([3], Chapter 5.8).
MTT-0110	The Terminal MUST support the I command ([3], Chapter 5.8).
MTT-0120	The Terminal MUST support the O command ([3], Chapter 6.25).
MTT-0130	The Terminal MUST support the A command ([3], Chapter 6.25).
MTT-0140	The Terminal MUST support the D command ([3], Chapter 6.25).
MTT-0150	The Terminal MUST support the H command ([3], Chapter 6.25).
MTT-0160	The Terminal MUST support the E command ([3], Chapter 6.2.4).
MTT-0170	The Terminal MUST support the S0 command ([3], Chapter 6.25).
MTT-0180	The Terminal MUST support the FCLASS command ([3], Annex C.2.1).
	3GPP TS 27.007
MTT-0190	The Terminal MUST support the +CGMI command ([3], Chapter 5.1).
MTT-0200	The Terminal MUST support the +CGMM command ([3], Chapter 5.2).
MTT-0210	The Terminal MUST support the +CGMR command ([3], Chapter 5.3).

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-0220	The Terminal MUST support the +CGSN command ([3], Chapter 5.4).
MTT-0230	The Terminal MUST support the +CIMI command ([3], Chapter 5.6).
MTT-0240	The Terminal MUST support the +CHUP command ([3], Chapter 6.5).
MTT-0250	The Terminal MUST support the +CBST command ([3], Chapter 6.7).
MTT-0260	The Terminal MAY support the +CNUM command ([3], Chapter 7.1).
MTT-0270	The Terminal MUST support the +COPS command ([3], Chapter 7.3).
MTT-0280	The Terminal SHOULD support the +CLCC command ([3], Chapter 7.18).
MTT-0290	The Terminal MAY support the +COPN command ([3], Chapter 7.21).
MTT-0300	The Terminal MUST support the +CPAS command ([3], Chapter 8.1).
MTT-0310	The Terminal MUST support the +CBC command ([3], Chapter 8.4).
MTT-0320	The Terminal MUST support the +CSQ command ([3], Chapter 8.5).
MTT-0330	The Terminal MUST support the +CMEC command ([3], Chapter 8.6).
MTT-0330.1	The Terminal MUST support the keypad options 0,1 & 2 in the CMEC command.
MTT-0330.2	The Terminal MUST support the display options 0,1 & 2 in the CMEC command.
MTT-0330.3	The Terminal MUST support the indication options 0,1 & 2 in the CMEC command.

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-0330.4	A Terminal controlled by a touchscreen MUST support the touch screen option 0,1 & 2 as specified in [3].
MTT-0330.5	The Terminal MUST support the touch indication options 0,1 & 2 in the CMEC command if the Terminal has touch-screen functionality.
MTT-0340	The Terminal MUST support the +CKPD command ([3], Chapter 8.7).
MTT-0340.1	The Terminal SHOULD support all physical keys mapping when using the CKPD command.
MTT-0340.2	The Terminal MUST support the 'time' attribute in the CKPD command.
MTT-0340.3	The Terminal SHOULD support all proprietary keys using the ':' option in the CKPD command.
MTT-0340.4	The Terminal SHOULD support the ';' option (string entering) in the CKPD command.
MTT-0350	The Terminal MAY support the +CDIS command ([3], Chapter 8.8).
MTT-0350.1	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'CDIS?' option in the CDIS command.
MTT-0360	The Terminal MUST support the +CIND command ([3], Chapter 8.9).
MTT-0360.1	The Terminal SHOULD support the input status indication as specified in [3].
MTT-0370	The Terminal MUST support the +CMER command ([3], Chapter 8.10).
MTT-0370.1	The Terminal SHOULD support keyboard and event reporting in the CMER command.
MTT-0370.2	The Terminal MAY support display event reporting in the CMER command.
MTT-0370.3	The Terminal SHOULD support indication event reporting in the CMER command.

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-0370.4	The Terminal SHOULD support touch screen indication reporting in the CMER command [3].
MTT-0370.5	The Terminal SHOULD support the CKEV event when the keyboard setting is 1 or 2 in the CMER command.
MTT-0370.6	The Terminal MAY support the CDEV event when the display setting is 1 or 2 in the CMER command.
MTT-0370.7	The Terminal SHOULD support the CIEV event when the indication setting is 1 or 2 in the CMER command.
MTT-0370.8	The Terminal SHOULD support the CTEV event when touch screen setting is 1 or 2 in the CMER command [3].
MTT-0380	The Terminal MUST support the +CPBS command ([3], Chapter 8.11).
MTT-0390	The Terminal SHOULD support the +CPBR command ([3], Chapter 8.12).
MTT-0400	The Terminal SHOULD support the +CPBW command ([3], Chapter 8.13).
MTT-0410	The Terminal SHOULD support the +CCLK command ([3], Chapter 8.9).
MTT-0420	The Terminal SHOULD support the +CLAN command ([3], Chapter 8.30).
MTT-0420.1	The Terminal SHOULD support all installed languages through the +CLAN command.
MTT-0420.2	The supported languages MAY exceed the list specified in the Terminal's documentation.
MTT-0420.3	The Terminal SHOULD support the +CLAE event ([3], Chapter 8.31).
MTT-0430	The Terminal MUST support the +CMAR command ([3], Chapter 8.36).
MTT-0440	The Terminal SHOULD support the +CLAC command ([3], Chapter 8.37).

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-0450	The Terminal MUST support the +CMEE command ([3], Chapter 9.1).
MTT-0450.1	The Terminal SHOULD support the +CME event.
MTT-0450.2	The Terminal SHOULD support option 0,1 and 2 in the CMEE command.
MTT-0460	The Terminal MUST support the +CBKLT command ([3], Chapter 8.51).
MTT-0470	The Terminal MUST support the +CSCS command ([3], Chapter 5.5).
MTT-0480	The Terminal MUST support the +CLCK command ([3], Chapter 7.4).
MTT-0490	The Terminal SHOULD support the +CPWD command ([3], Chapter 7.5).
MTT-0500	The Terminal MUST support the +CREG command ([3], Chapter 7.2).
MTT-0510	The Terminal MUST support the +CPOL command ([3], Chapter 7.19).
MTT-0520	The Terminal MUST support the +CFUN command ([3], Chapter 8.2).
MTT-0530	The Terminal MAY support the +CPIN command ([3], Chapter 8.3).
MTT-0530.1	The +CPIN support is conditional assuming all password entry can be performed using the mandatory +CKPD command.
MTT-0540	The Terminal SHOULD support the +CPBF command ([3], Chapter 8.13).
MTT-0550	The Terminal MUST support the +CGDCONT command ([3], Chapter 10.1.1).
MTT-0560	The Terminal MUST support the +CGDSCONT command ([3], Chapter 10.1.2).

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-0570	The Terminal MUST support the +CGTFT command ([3], Chapter 10.1.3).
MTT-0580	The Terminal SHOULD support the +CGQREQ command ([3], Chapter 10.1.4).
MTT-0590	The Terminal SHOULD support the +CGQMIN command ([3], Chapter 10.1.5).
MTT-0600	The Terminal MUST support the +CGEQREQ command ([3], Chapter 10.1.6).
MTT-0610	The Terminal MUST support the +CGEQNEG command ([3], Chapter 10.1.8).
MTT-0620	The Terminal MUST support the +CGATT command ([3], Chapter 10.1.9).
MTT-0630	The Terminal MUST support the +CGCMOD command ([3], Chapter 10.1.11).
MTT-0640	The Terminal MUST support the +CGDATA command ([3], Chapter 10.1.12).
MTT-0650	The Terminal MUST support the +CGPADDR command ([3], Chapter 10.1.14).
MTT-0660	The Terminal SHOULD support the +CGCLASS command ([3], Chapter 10.1.17).
MTT-0670	The Terminal MUST support the +CGEREP command ([3], Chapter 10.1.18).
MTT-0680	The Terminal SHALL support the +CGREG command ([3], Chapter 10.1.19).
MTT-0690	The Terminal SHALL support the +CGSMS command ([3], Chapter 10.1.20).
MTT-0700	The Terminal MUST support the +CSO command ([3], Chapter 8.53).
MTT-0710	The Terminal MUST support the +CSS command ([3], Chapter 8.54).

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-0720	The Terminal SHOULD support the +CTSA command ([3], Chapter 8.52).
MTT-0730	The Terminal MUST support the +CEER command ([3], Chapter 6.10).
MTT-0740	The Terminal MUST support the +CVHU command ([3], Chapter 6.20).
MTT-0750	The Terminal MUST support the +CLIP command ([3], Chapter 7.6).
MTT-0760	The Terminal MUST support the +CCWA command ([3], Chapter 7.12).
MTT-0770	The Terminal MUST support the +CHLD command ([3], Chapter 7.13).
MTT-0780	The Terminal SHOULD support the +CAOC command ([3], Chapter 7.16).
MTT-0790	The Terminal MUST support the +CLVL command ([3], Chapter 7.23).
MTT-0800	The Terminal MUST support the +CMUT command ([3], Chapter 7.24).
MTT-0810	The Terminal SHOULD support the +CACM command ([3], Chapter 7.25).
MTT-0820	The Terminal SHOULD support the +CAMM command ([3], Chapter 7.26).
MTT-0830	The Terminal MUST support the +CGEQMIN command ([3], Chapter 10.1.7).
MTT-0840	The Terminal MUST support the +CGACT command ([3], Chapter 10.1.10).

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-0850	The Terminal MUST support the +CR command ([3], Chapter 6.9).
MTT-0860	The Terminal MUST support the +CRC command ([3], Chapter 6.11).
MTT-0870	The Terminal MUST support the +CRLP command ([3], Chapter 6.6.8).
MTT-0880	The Terminal MUST support the +CMOD command ([3], Chapter 6.4) if alternating mode calls are implemented.
MTT-0890	The Terminal SHOULD support either the +CRSM command or the +CSIM command ([3], Chapter 8.17).
	3GPP TS 27.005 – Messaging AT commands
MTT-0900	The Terminal MUST support the +CMGF command ([4], Chapter 3.2.3).
MTT-0910	The Terminal MUST support the +CSCA command ([4], Chapter 3.3.1).
MTT-0920	The Terminal MUST support the +CNMI command ([4], Chapter 3.4.1).
MTT-0930	The Terminal MUST support the +CMGD command ([4], Chapter 3.5.4).
MTT-0940	The Terminal MUST support the +CMGL command ([4], Chapter 3.4.2).
MTT-0950	The Terminal MUST support the +CMGR command ([4], Chapter 3.4.3).
MTT-0960	The Terminal MUST support the +CMGS command ([4], Chapter 3.5.1).
MTT-0970	The Terminal MUST support the +CPMS command ([4], Chapter 3.2.2).
MTT-0980	The Terminal MUST support the +CMS event errors ([4], Chapter 3.2.5).

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-0990	The Terminal SHOULD support the +CSCB command ([4], Chapter 3.3.4).
MTT-1000	The Terminal MUST support the +CMSS command ([4], Chapter 3.5.2).
MTT-1010	The Terminal MUST support the +CMGD command ([4], Chapter 3.5.3).
MTT-1020	The Terminal MUST support the +CMGC command ([4], Chapter 3.5.5).
MTT-1030	The Terminal MUST support the +CSMS command ([4], Chapter 3.2.1).

3.3 EXTENSION OF AT COMMANDS

This chapter covers necessary extensions to the AT command set which are required to enable Terminal testing in a way it is not yet supported through the already specified AT commands (where applicable).

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-1100	The Terminal SHOULD support the CRST command. <i>[Reset control].</i>
MTT-1110	The Terminal SHOULD support the extended CBC command. <i>[Charge battery control].</i>
MTT-1120	The Terminal SHOULD support the CTPWR command. <i>[UE transmitted power].</i>
MTT-1130	The Terminal SHOULD support the CWCDMASQ command. <i>[WCDMA Signal Quality].</i>

Format of the above commands can be found in this document appendix ([Chapter 9](#)).

3.4 ABSTRACTED COMMAND INTERFACE

This section includes requirements for an abstracted test interface either based on AT commands or proprietary solutions such as PC or Terminal clients to simplify and harmonise the execution of more complex test scenarios.

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
	Requirements refer to section 4.4.1 HTI System Service
MTT-1200	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Authentication' command as specified in Section 4.4.1.1.
MTT-1200.1	The Terminal MAY support different authentication levels to restrict some HTI commands.
MTT-1210	The Terminal MUST support the 'HTI Version' command as specified in Section 4.4.1.2.
MTT-1220	The Terminal MUST support the 'Services List' command as specified in Section 4.4.1.3.
MTT-1230	The Terminal MUST support the 'Stop' command as specified in Section 4.4.1.4.
MTT-1240	The Terminal MUST support the 'Reboot' command as specified in Section 4.4.1.5.
MTT-1250	The Terminal MUST support the 'Reset' command as specified in Section 4.4.1.7.
MTT-1260	The Terminal MUST support the 'Restore Factory Settings' command as specified in Section 4.4.1.6.
MTT-1270	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Show Console' command as specified in Section 4.4.1.8.
MTT-1280	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Hide Console' command as specified in Section 4.4.1.9.
MTT-1290	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Instance ID' command as specified in Section 4.4.1.10.
MTT-1300	The Terminal MAY support the 'Debug Print' command as specified in Section 4.4.1.11.
	Requirements refer to section 4.4.2 HTI Echo Service

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-1310	The Terminal MUST support the Echo Service as specified in Section 4.4.2.
	Requirements refer to section 4.4.3 HTI Key Event Service
MTT-1315	The manufacturer MUST provide a list of the supported scancodes for the Key Event Service.
MTT-1320	The Terminal MUST support the 'Single Key press' command as specified in Section 4.4.3.1.
MTT-1330	The Terminal MUST support the 'Key down' command as specified in Section 4.4.3.2.
MTT-1340	The Terminal MUST support the 'Key up' command as specified in Section 4.4.3.3.
MTT-1350	The Terminal MUST support the 'Type Text' command as specified in Section 4.4.3.4.
MTT-1350.1	The 'Type Text' command MUST not be affected by predictive text entry mechanisms e.g. T9, I-Tap, Zi Corp, Suretype.
MTT-1350.2	The 'Type Text' command MUST work on all supported Terminal languages.
MTT-1360	The Terminal MUST support the 'Long Key press' command as specified in Section 4.4.3.5.
MTT-1370	The Terminal MAY support the 'Type Text Password' command as specified in Section 4.4.3.6.
MTT-1380	The Terminal MUST support the 'Key Press Sequence' command as specified in Section 4.4.3.7.
MTT-1390	If the Terminal supports touchscreen, it MUST support the 'Tap Screen' command as specified in Section 4.4.3.8.
MTT-1400	If the Terminal supports touchscreen, it MUST support the 'Tap and Drag' command as specified in Section 4.4.3.9.
MTT-1410	If the Terminal supports touchscreen and is capable of handling multipoint events, it MUST support the 'Tap and drag multipoint' command as specified in Section 4.4.3.10.

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-1420	If the Terminal supports touchscreen, it MUST support the 'Pointer down' command as specified in Section 4.4.3.11.
MTT-1430	If the Terminal supports touchscreen, it MUST support the 'Pointer up' command as specified in Section 4.4.3.12.
	Requirements refer to section 4.4.4 HTI Screenshot Service
MTT-1440	The Terminal MUST support the 'Full Screen capture' command as specified in Section 4.4.4.1. Note: Restrictions on the usage if this command MAY apply due to limited performance of the Terminal.
MTT-1440.1	The Terminal MUST support the Bitmap file format as output for Screen capture.
MTT-1440.2	The Terminal SHOULD support the JPG, PNG, GIF file format as output for screen capture.
MTT-1440.3	The Terminal MAY support any other standardised image or video file formats as output for screen capture.
MTT-1450	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Screen Region capture' command as specified in Section 4.4.4.2.
MTT-1460	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Text Recognition' command as specified in Section 4.4.4.3.
MTT-1470	The Terminal MAY support the 'Text Bitmap' command as specified in Section 4.4.4.4.
MTT-1480	The Terminal MUST support the 'Full Screen capture in Series' command as specified in Section 4.4.4.5.
MTT-1490	The Terminal MUST support the 'Screen Region capture in Series' command as specified in Section 4.4.4.6.
MTT-1500	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Full Screen Delta capture' command as specified in Section 4.4.4.9.
MTT-1510	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Screen Region Delta capture' command as specified in Section 4.4.4.10.
MTT-1520	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Screen Delta reset' command as specified in Section 4.4.4.11.

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-1530	The Terminal MUST support the 'Select Screen' command as specified in Section 4.4.4.7.
MTT-1540	The Terminal MUST support the 'Screen Mode' command as specified in Section 4.4.4.8.
	Requirements refer to section 4.4.5 HTI Application Control Service
MTT-1550	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Start Process' command as specified in Section 4.4.5.1.
MTT-1560	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Stop Process' command as specified in Section 4.4.5.2.
MTT-1570	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Stop Process by ID' command as specified in Section 4.4.5.3.
MTT-1580	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Get Process Status' command as specified in Section 4.4.5.4.
MTT-1590	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Get Process Status by ID' command as specified in Section 4.4.5.5.
MTT-1600	The Terminal MUST support the 'Start Application by name' command as specified in Section 4.4.5.6.
MTT-1600.1	The 'Start Application by name' command MUST be supported on embedded Java Runtime Environments.
MTT-1610	The Terminal MUST support the 'Start Application by UID' command as specified in Section 4.4.5.7 if applicable on the Terminal.
MTT-1620	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Start Document' command as specified in Section 4.4.5.8.
MTT-1630	The Terminal MUST support the 'Get Application Status by application name' command as specified in Section 4.4.5.9.
MTT-1640	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Get Application Status by Document name' command as specified in Section 4.4.5.10.

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-1650	The Terminal MUST support the 'Get Application Status by UID' command as specified in Section 4.4.5.11 if applicable on the Terminal.
MTT-1660	The Terminal MUST support the 'Stop Application by application name' command as specified in Section 4.4.5.12.
MTT-1670	The Terminal MUST support the 'Stop Application by UID' command as specified in Section 4.4.5.14 if applicable on the Terminal.
MTT-1680	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Stop Application by Document name' command as specified in Section 4.4.5.13.
MTT-1690	The Terminal MUST support the 'List Running Applications' command as specified in Section 4.4.5.15.
MTT-1700	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'List Processes' command as specified in Section 4.4.5.16.
MTT-1710	The Terminal MAY support the 'Start Process for Exit Code' command as specified in Section 4.4.5.17.
MTT-1720	The Terminal MAY support the 'Get Process Exit Code' command as specified in Section 4.4.5.18.
MTT-1730	The Terminal MUST support the 'Install Software' command as specified in Section 4.4.5.19.
MTT-1740	The Terminal MUST support the 'Uninstall Software' command as specified in Section 4.4.5.20.
MTT-1750	The Terminal MUST support the 'Uninstall Software by Name' command as specified in Section 4.4.5.21.
MTT-1750.1	The 'Install Software', 'Uninstall Software' and 'Uninstall Software by Name' SHOULD apply on applications for native operating system.
MTT-1750.2	The 'Install Software', 'Uninstall Software' and 'Uninstall Software by Name' SHOULD apply on applications in high level language, e.g. JAVA MIDP.

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-1750.3	The 'Install Software', 'Uninstall Software' and 'Uninstall Software by Name' MUST NOT affect preinstalled applications and the operating system.
	Requirements refer to section 4.4.6 HTI FTP Service
MTT-1760	The Terminal MUST support the 'Upload File' command as specified in Section 4.4.6.1.
MTT-1770	The Terminal MUST support the 'Download File' command as specified in Section 4.4.6.2.
MTT-1780	The Terminal MUST support the 'cancel File Transfer' command as specified in Section 4.4.6.3.
MTT-1790	The Terminal MUST support the 'List Files' command as specified in Section 4.4.6.4.
MTT-1800	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'List Files with Sizes' command as specified in Section 4.4.6.6.
MTT-1800.1	The Terminal SHOULD support display all file attributes which are supported by the Terminal when executing the 'List Files with Sizes'.
MTT-1810	The Terminal MUST support the 'List Directories' command as specified in Section 4.4.6.5.
MTT-1820	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Create Directory' command as specified in Section 4.4.6.7.
MTT-1830	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Delete Directory' command as specified in Section 4.4.6.8.
MTT-1840	The Terminal MUST support the 'Delete File' command as specified in Section 4.4.6.9.
MTT-1850	The Terminal MAY support the 'Set Forced Operations' command as specified in Section 4.4.6.10.
MTT-1860	The Terminal MUST support the 'File Checksum' command as specified in Section 4.4.6.11.
MTT-1870	The Terminal MAY support the 'Format' command as specified in Section 4.4.6.12.

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
	Requirements refer to section 4.4.7 HTI Sys Info Service
MTT-1880	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'HAL' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.1.
MTT-1890	The Terminal MUST support the 'IMEI' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.2.
MTT-1890.1	For non-GSM Terminals the hardware specific serial number MUST returned when using the 'getImei' command e.g. ESN.
MTT-1900	The Terminal MUST support the 'SW Version' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.3.
MTT-1910	The Terminal MUST support the 'LangVersion' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.4.
MTT-1920	The Terminal MUST support the 'SWLangVersion' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.5.
MTT-1930	The Terminal MUST support the 'UserAgentString' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.6.
MTT-1930.1	The 'getUserAgentString' MUST return the UA string of the default browser.
MTT-1940	The Terminal MUST support the 'SetHomeTime' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.17.
MTT-1950	The Terminal MUST support the 'GetHomeTime' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.18.
MTT-1960	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'DateTimeFormat' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.19.
MTT-1970	The Terminal MUST support the 'GetFreeRAM' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.7.
MTT-1980	The Terminal MUST support the 'GetUsedRAM' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.8.
MTT-1990	The Terminal MUST support the 'GetTotalRAM' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.9.

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-2000	The Terminal MAY support the 'EatRAM' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.10.
MTT-2010	The Terminal MAY support the 'ReleaseRAM' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.11.
MTT-2020	The Terminal MUST support the 'GetFreeDiskSpace' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.12.
MTT-2030	The Terminal MUST support the 'GetUsedDiskSpace' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.13.
MTT-2040	The Terminal MUST support the 'GetTotalDiskSpace' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.14.
MTT-2050	The Terminal MAY support the 'EatDiskSpace' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.15.
MTT-2060	The Terminal MAY support the 'ReleaseDiskSpace' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.16.
MTT-2070	The Terminal MUST support the 'LightStatus' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.21.
MTT-2080	The Terminal MUST support the 'LightOn' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.22.
MTT-2090	The Terminal MUST support the 'LightOff' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.23.
MTT-2100	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'LightBlink' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.24.
MTT-2110	The Terminal MUST support the 'LightRelease' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.25.
MTT-2120	The Terminal MUST support the 'ScreenSaverDisable' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.26.
MTT-2130	The Terminal MUST support the 'ScreenSaverEnable' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.27.
MTT-2140	The Terminal MUST support the 'ScreenSaver Timeout' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.28.

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-2150	The Terminal MUST support the 'GetNetworkMode' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.29.
MTT-2160	The Terminal MUST support the 'SetNetworkMode' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.30.
MTT-2170	The Terminal MUST support the 'SetNetworkModeNoReboot' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.31.
MTT-2180	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'setHsdpa' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.32.
MTT-2190	The Terminal MAY support the 'IrActivate' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.33.
MTT-2200	The Terminal MUST support the 'BtPower' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.34.
MTT-2210	The Terminal MUST support the 'BtSettings' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.35.
MTT-2220	The Terminal MUST support the 'BtDeletePairings' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.36.
MTT-2230	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'KeyLockToggle' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.37.
MTT-2240	The Terminal MAY support the 'AutoKeyLockTime' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.38.
MTT-2250	The Terminal MUST support the 'EmptyDrmRightsDb' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.39.
MTT-2260	The Terminal MUST support the 'BatteryStatus' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.40.
MTT-2270	The Terminal MUST support the 'SignalStrength' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.41.
MTT-2280	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'UpdateMediaGallery' command as specified in Section 4.4.7.42.
	Requirements refer to section 4.4.8 HTI Audio Control Service

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-2290	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'List Audio Files' command as specified in Section 4.4.8.1.
MTT-2300	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Play File' command as specified in Section 4.4.8.2.
MTT-2310	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Play Tone' command as specified in Section 4.4.8.3.
MTT-2320	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Play DTMF' command as specified in Section 4.4.8.4.
MTT-2330	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'getPlayStatus' command as specified in Section 4.4.8.8.
MTT-2340	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'stop' command as specified in Section 4.4.8.5.
MTT-2350	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Get Duration' command as specified in Section 4.4.8.6.
MTT-2360	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Get Max Volume' command as specified in Section 4.4.8.7.
MTT-2370	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Set Volume' command as specified in Section 4.4.8.8.
	Requirements refer to section 4.4.9 HTI PIM Service
MTT-2380	The Terminal MUST support the 'Import vCard' command as specified in Section 4.4.9.1.
MTT-2390	The Terminal MUST support the 'Import vCalendar' command as specified in Section 4.4.20.2.
MTT-2400	The Terminal MUST support the 'Delete Contact Entries' command without Entry ID as specified in Section 4.4.9.3 (Delete All Entries).
MTT-2400.1	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Delete Contact Entries' command with Entry ID as specified in Section 4.4.9.3 (Delete specific Entry).
MTT-2410	The Terminal MUST support the 'Delete Calendar Entries' command as specified in Section 4.4.9.4.

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-2420	The Terminal MAY support the 'Add Notepad Memo' command as specified in Section 4.4.9.5.
MTT-2430	The Terminal MAY support the 'Add Notepad Memo from File' command as specified in Section 4.4.9.6.
MTT-2440	The Terminal MAY support the 'Delete All Notepad Memos' command as specified in Section 4.4.9.7.
MTT-2450	The Terminal MUST support the 'SIM Card Information' command as specified in Section 4.4.9.8.
MTT-2460	The Terminal MUST support the 'Import SIM Contacts' command as specified in Section 4.4.9.9.
MTT-2470	The Terminal MUST support the 'Delete SIM Contact' command without Entry ID as specified in Section 4.4.9.10 (Delete All Contacts).
MTT-2470.1	The Terminal MUST support the 'Delete SIM Contact' command with Entry ID as specified in Section 4.4.9.10 (Delete specific Contact).
MTT-2480	If the Terminal has a browser, it MUST support the 'Create Bookmark' command as specified in Section 4.4.9.11.
MTT-2490	The Terminal MUST support the 'Delete Bookmark' command as specified in Section 4.4.9.12.
	Requirements refer to section 4.4.10 HTI Messaging Service
MTT-2500	The Terminal MUST support the 'Add Sms' command as specified in Section 4.4.10.1.
MTT-2510	The Terminal MUST support the 'Add Mms' command as specified in Section 4.4.10.2.
MTT-2510.1	The Terminal MAY support different types for MMS composing, e.g. with or without SMIL.
MTT-2520	The Terminal MUST support the 'Add E-Mail' command as specified in Section 4.4.10.3.
MTT-2530	The Terminal MAY support the 'Add Ir Message' command as specified in Section 4.4.10.4.

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-2540	The Terminal MAY support the 'Add BT Message' command as specified in Section 4.4.10.5.
MTT-2550	The Terminal MAY support the 'Add Smart Message' command as specified in Section 4.4.10.6.
MTT-2560	The Terminal MAY support the 'Add Audio Message' command as specified in Section 4.4.10.7.
MTT-2570	The Terminal MUST support the 'Delete Message' command as specified in Section 4.4.10.8.
MTT-2580	The Terminal MUST support the 'Delete Folder Content' command as specified in Section 4.4.10.9.
MTT-2590	The Terminal MUST support the 'Create Access Point' command as specified in Section 4.4.10.10.
MTT-2600	The Terminal MUST support the 'Delete Access Point' command as specified in Section 4.4.10.11.
MTT-2610	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Create Destination' command as specified in Section 4.4.10.12.
MTT-2620	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Delete Destination' command as specified in Section 4.4.10.13.
MTT-2630	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Add to Destination' command as specified in Section 4.4.10.14.
MTT-2640	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Remove from Destination' command as specified in Section 4.4.10.15.
MTT-2650	The Terminal SHOULD support the 'Set Default Connection' command as specified in Section 4.4.10.16.
MTT-2660	The Terminal MUST support the 'Create Mailbox' command as specified in Section 4.4.10.17.
MTT-2670	The Terminal MUST support the 'Delete Mailbox' command as specified in Section 4.4.10.18.
MTT-2680	The Terminal MUST support the 'Set Default SMS Center' command as specified in Section 4.4.10.19.

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-2690	The Terminal MUST support the 'Delete SMS Center' command as specified in Section 4.4.10.20.
MTT-2700	The Terminal MUST support the 'Set SMS Settings' command as specified in Section 4.4.10.21.
MTT-2710	The Terminal MUST support the 'Set MMS Settings' command as specified in Section 4.4.10.22.

3.5 GENERAL CONNECTIVITY REQUIREMENTS

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-2800	If the Terminal is in a connected state through physical connection all standard Terminal applications and functionality SHALL be available via the Terminal user interface by users. This requirement is only applicable if phone mode has been selected for the data connection or HTI as per requirement MTT-0070 has been enabled.
MTT-2810	An option to deactivate battery recharging while connected SHALL be available (applicable e.g. for Terminals which automatically recharge when connected via USB). (see requirement MTT-1110 and chapter 8.1.2).
MTT-2820	It SHALL be possible to connect both audio and Test Computer cables simultaneously.
	AT-command syntax requirements
MTT-2830	For AT-commands, the Terminal MUST accept string parameters in quotation marks.
MTT-2840	For AT-commands, the Terminal MUST accept numeric parameters without quotation mark.
MTT-2850	For AT-commands, the Terminal MUST return string parameters in quotation marks.
MTT-2860	For AT-commands, the Terminal MUST return numeric parameters without quotation marks.

3.6 SECURITY REQUIREMENTS

REQ. ID	REQUIREMENT
MTT-2900	The test access to the AT command or HTI interface SHALL only be possible via a secured link.
MTT-2900.1	A cable MUST be supported to interconnect the Test Computer and the Terminal.
MTT-2900.1.1	The preferred connector to the Terminal SHALL be a Micro USB connector.
MTT-2900.2	The access to the AT command interface of the Terminal via SIM Application Toolkit (SAT, SIM-card) SHOULD be possible.
MTT-2910	Any access to the AT command or HTI interface over any other channels than specified in requirement MTT-2900 (e.g. GSM / UMTS or WLAN) MUST NOT be possible.
MTT-2920	The Terminal MUST comply with the OMTP ASF requirements [2].

4 HARMONISED TESTING INTERFACE – MESSAGING PROTOCOL

4.1 DOCUMENT CONTROL

4.1.1 DOCUMENTATION CONVENTIONS

Code is shown with Courier New font.

4.2 GENERAL

4.2.1 INTRODUCTION

HTI messaging is asynchronous and can be mapped over different communication media. There is no requirement for a reply to any incoming message unless it is an error situation. The message header specifies a target service by its plug-in unique identifier (UID) and the message body is passed directly to the service for processing. Each service uses its own protocol and message format. The HTI framework provides some auxiliary services like sending a list of available service plugins, HTI framework version and status and support for security. Special reserved UID `0x1020DEB6` is used for these HTI messages.

This document describes protocol used for communication with HTI Framework and core plug-ins.

4.3 HTI PROTOCOL DESCRIPTION

4.3.1 MESSAGE STRUCTURE

A HTI message contains a fixed size header (14 bytes), optional header extension and variable length body. In a typical case, the message body is passed directly for processing to a service specified in the header.

Table 1: HTI message structure

Field	Size(bytes)	Description
ServicePluginUID	4	Service plug-in UID in little-endian format, signed 32bit integer.
MessageBodySize	4	The size of the message body (in little-endian format, unsigned 32bit integer)
Version	1	Version of HTI message specification (1)
Priority	1	Message priority used when selecting messages for processing from the incoming queue. When the first bit (lowest) set it indicates the highest priority used only for some system level requests. The second bit can be used by service plug-ins to have higher priority messages or organise the pair of data/control channels. Messages with the second bit set have higher priority over other messages to the

		same service plug-in.
Flags	1	The set of flags. Currently only the 1st bit is used: 1. <code>WrapFlag</code> indicates that message body is encoded by a security mechanism and needed to be decoded before passing to a target service (0=plain, 1=encoded)
ExtensionSize	1	The size of the extension field (Unsigned 8bit integer)
CRC	2	Checksum of previous fields (CCITT CRC 16 in little-endian format, unsigned 16 bit integer)
ExtensionBody	-	Extension fields reserved for new parameters
MessageBody	-	Message body, its content depends on addressed service.

4.3.2 SECURITY SUPPORT

The HTI protocol provides support for security mechanisms for communication. This security mechanism can be involved in following stages during communication:

- Communication establishment. At this stage, the HTI framework supports implementation of the authentication mechanism by providing the way to exchange tokens until security context is set with an authentication command (see 4.4.1.1).
- Data transfer. The HTI framework supports encrypting/decrypting for selected messages by specifying `WrapFlag` in the message header (see 4.3.1). Security manager will provide actual encoding implementation that may include integrity checking as well. **Currently, this feature is not supported and the flag is ignored.**

At the current stage, the HTI framework does not provide any security implementation, but it can be added later. Nevertheless, the AUTH command should be used to establish a security context and start service plug-ins use. The token parameter is currently ignored and can contain anything or can be omitted. The HTI framework will reply with the same message with an AUTH command to indicate that security context has been set. After this, the HTI framework will process all incoming messages. Until a security context has been established, an error message with the `ENotAuthorized` (see 4.3.3) error is sent back in reply to any incoming message. The following figure demonstrates the authentication procedure:

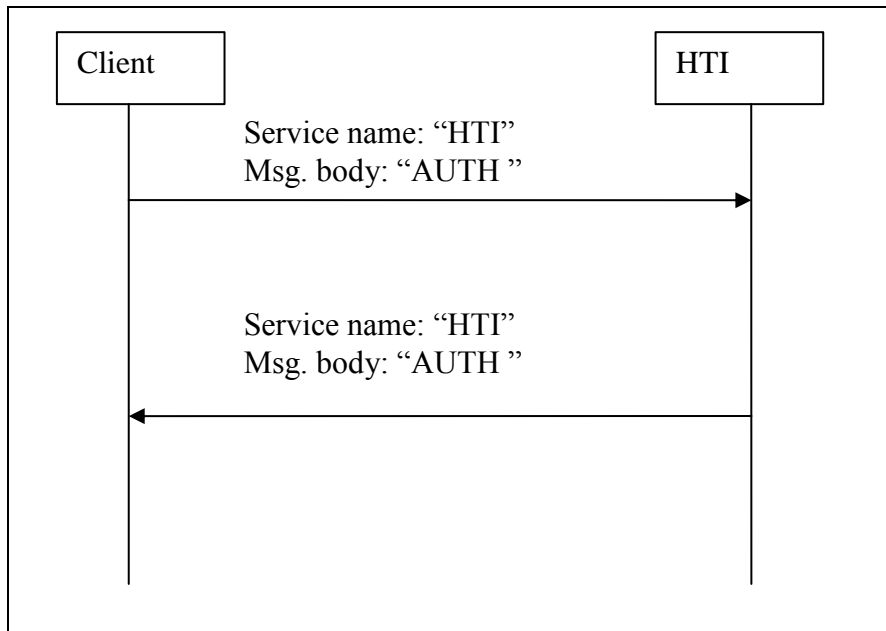


Figure 2: Current authentication message exchange

4.3.3 ERROR MESSAGES

The HTI framework provides a unified approach to handling error messages. When an error occurs during request processing, an error message will be sent back. Target ServicePluginUID in the error message header is always set to HTI framework UID. The body contains the error description in the following format:

Table 2: Error message structure

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xFF	1	Indicates error message (see 4.4.1)
HTIErrorCode		1	Error code defined in Table 3
ServiceErrorCode		4	Either system-wide leave code or plug-in specific error code when plug-in handles error situation by itself (in little-endian format, signed 32bit integer)
ServicePluginUID		4	ServicePluginUID from the header of message processed (in little-endian format, signed 32bit integer)
ServiceErrorDescription		variable	contains error description in case when error situation is handled by plug-in

ServiceErrorCode and ServiceErrorDescription are specified only when an error occurs during message processing by a service plug-in. If a service plug-in just leaves then ServiceErrorCode will contain a leave code. In case a service plug-in reports an error to the framework by itself, the

ServiceErrorCode and ServiceErrorDescription content is defined by the plug-in.

Beside specified error messages, each plug-in can define its own error notification messages if necessary.

Table 3: HTI error codes

ErrorName	Code	Description
EMessageTooBig	1	Message body size exceed predefined limit
EOutOfMemory	2	No sufficient amount of memory to process request
EServiceNotFound	3	Message is addressed to non-existent service
EServiceError	4	Error in plug-in while processing request
ENotAuthorized	5	Request is not authorized
EFailedUnwrap	6	Security manager failed to decode message (see 4.3.1)

4.3.4 CHARACTER ENCODINGS

The next chapter lists the HTI services and their functions (commands). Some of the commands have character strings as parameters and different commands may use different encodings for the character strings. The expected encoding is mentioned in the parameter descriptions. The following sections briefly describe the used encodings.

4.3.4.1 UCS-2

UCS-2 (2-byte Universal Character Set) is the character encoding used. In UCS-2 each character is represented with 16-bits so it is a fixed-length encoding. Thus UCS-2 can represent Unicode characters that are defined in Basic Multilingual Plane (BMP) that is character codes 0 – 65535 (U+0000 – U+FFFF). It should be noted that UCS-2 is not the same as UTF-16, since UTF-16 is a variable length encoding that can represent all of the Unicode characters (also those outside the BMP). However, the character codes in the BMP range are identical, so when working only with the character codes 0 – 65535 the encodings UCS-2 and UTF-16 are interchangeable.

An example (using Java) on how to encode a character string to a byte array using UCS-2/UTF-16 little-endian encoding:

```
byte[] data = "tEst string".getBytes( "UTF-16LE" );
```

4.3.4.2 UTF-8

UTF-8 (8-bit Unicode Transformation Format) encodes each character in one to four bytes, so it is a variable length encoding. UTF-8 is able to represent any character defined in the Unicode standard. The ASCII characters are

encoded as one byte in UTF-8 and the characters codes are also the same, so UTF-8 and ASCII encodings of a character string that contains only ASCII characters are identical. Characters in Unicode range U+0080 – U+07FF take two bytes and the rest of the characters in BMP take three bytes.

An example (using Java) on how to encode a character string to a byte array using UTF-8 encoding:

```
byte[] data = "tEst string".getBytes( "UTF-8" );
```

4.3.4.3 ISO 8859-1

When in this document “8-bit text” is mentioned it refers to ISO 8859-1 encoding where each character is encoded with one 8-bit byte. ISO 8859-1 contains 191 characters of Latin alphabet. The rest of the character codes are reserved for non-printable control characters. The encoding is backwards compatible with ASCII since the character codes of ASCII maps to the same characters also in ISO 8859-1. The ISO 8859-1 just adds more characters in the byte range A0 – FF.

An example (using Java) on how to encode a character string to a byte array using ISO 8859-1 encoding:

```
byte[] data = "tëst string".getBytes( "ISO-8859-1" );
```

Note that ISO 8859-1 does not contain the € character or any other character that Windows-1252 encoding defines in the byte range 80 – 9F. That range in ISO 8859-1 contains non-printable control characters.

4.4 HTI SERVICES

HTI provides several core test services described in the table below.

Table 4: HTI services

Service Name	UID	Description
HTI	0x1020DEB6	HTI framework system services: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • send available service list • send HTI framework version • security support • device reboot
Echo	0x1020DEBF	Service to test HTI itself, that the HTI service is up and running and communication works properly.
Key pressing	0x1020DEC1	Key press emulation service provides following functions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • single key press • single key hold / release • key sequence press
Screen capture	0x1020DEC3	Screen capture makes screenshot on request and sends it back: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • capture full screen • capture screen region
Applications control	0x1020DEC7	The service allows for example: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • start application by its name or UID • start application with document • check application status (running or not) • stop application • start / stop processes • get process exit code
FTP	0x1020DEC5	The service allow to copy/retrieve files to/from a device: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • copy file (STOR) • retrieve file (RETR) • list files (LIST) • create directory (MKD) • delete directory (RMD) • delete file (DELE)
SysInfo	0x10210CC7	The service allow to retrieve different device information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HAL attributes (see HAL class) • IMEI code • SWVersion (see SysUtil class) • LangVersion (see SysUtil class) • SWLangVersion (see SysUtil class) • UserAgentString (see SysUtil class)
Audio Control	0x10210CCB	Service for playing audio tones and samples: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • List audio sample files • Play tones with specified frequency • Play DTMF tones • Play audio sample files of different formats (wav, mid, mp3,

		awb...) • Control volume
PIM service	0x10210CCD	Service for adding and removing contact and calendar entries.
Messages service	0x10210CCF	Service for adding and removing messages.

The following subchapters provide protocol and message format description for each service.

Whenever possible, all service use similar structure for requests. The first byte contains the command code with the command parameters following.

4.4.1 HTI SERVICE

The HTI service provides some HTI framework-level auxiliary functions that can not be addressed to or implemented as a separate service plug-in. The following commands are supported:

Table 5: HTI commands

CommandName	CommandCode
HtiAuthentication	0x01
HtiVersion	0x02
HtiServiceList	0x03
HtiStop	0x04
HtiReboot	0x05
HtiFormat	0x06
HtiReset	0x07
HtiShowConsole	0x08
HtiHideConsole	0x09
HtiInstanceId	0x0A
HtiDebugPrint	0x0B
HtiError	0xFF

4.4.1.1 Authentication

The AUTH command is used for bidirectional exchange of tokens during authentication process. The token content is opaque for the HTI framework and only passed to the security implementation that makes the decision when the authentication process is over and the result. The first byte indicates the authentication command and the rest of HTI message treated as a token with a variable length.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x01	1	HtiAuthentication

Token		variable	Token value
-------	--	----------	-------------

Return

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x01	1	HtiAuthentication
Token		variable	Token value

4.4.1.2 HTI version

Returns the HTI framework version.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x02	1	HtiVersion

Return

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
MajorVersion		1	Major version
MinorVersion		1	Minor version

4.4.1.3 Service list

Returns the list of installed service plug-ins. A list item record is 128 bytes long and contains plug-in UID and display name. The reply message contains the sequential record list.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x03	1	HtiServiceList

Return

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
ServicePluginUID		4	Service plug-in UID
ServicePluginName		124	Service display name 8-bit encoded

4.4.1.4 Stop

Stops HTI framework and shuts it down.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x04	1	HtiStop

4.4.1.5 Reboot

Reboots the device.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x05	1	HtiReboot

4.4.1.6 Restore factory settings

Performs a factory settings reset (either normal or deep).

It will clear the entire memory of the device and reinitialise it with the default folder structure. The deep mode is allowed only if HTI is running from ROM.

This command will cause the device to reboot.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x06	1	HtiFormat
Mode	0x00 or 0x01	1	The restore factory settings mode (0 = normal, 1 = deep)

4.4.1.7 Reset

Reset the HTI framework by unloading all service plug-ins and clearing message queues.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x07	1	HtiReset

4.4.1.8 Show Console

Opens a console where HTI and its test services may print information to.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x08	1	HtiShowConsole

Response

Byte 0x00 on success or error message (see 4.3.3).

4.4.1.9 Hide console

Hides (deletes) the open HTI console.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x09	1	HtiHideConsole

Response

Byte 0x00 on success or error message (see 4.3.3).

4.4.1.10 Instance ID

Returns the unique instance ID of a current HTI instance.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x0A	1	HtiInstanceId

Return

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
InstanceID		4	The instance ID value as 32-bit unsigned little-endian integer.

4.4.1.11 *Debug print*

Writes a message to the device's debug port (RDebug).

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x0B	1	HtiDebugPrint
Message		variable	The text to be printed to debug port. Encoded as 8-bit text.

Response

Byte 0x00 on success or error message (see 4.3.3).

4.4.2 *ECHO SERVICE*

Echo service is intended for testing HTI communication media. It immediately sends back anything it receives inside message body.

4.4.3 *KEY EVENTSSERVICE*

This service allows emulation of key pressing for UI application via Window Server.

Scancode in the following specification defines a keyboard key. It is 16-bit unsigned integer. Each device or device family maps these to their native keyboard keys. For example, button "1" on the phone is defined typically as EStdKeyNkp1 = 0x89.

Key pressing service returns an ok message after the command has been executed successfully. Format of ok message:

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xFF	1	Notification of successful command execution.

On an error the HTI framework's error method is used (see 4.3.3). General error codes and descriptions for key pressing service are defined below.

General error codes

Error code	Error description
< 0	Indicates internal error in the service.
0x01	Missing key event command – the message was empty
0x02	Invalid key event service command – command not recognised
0x03	Key event service is busy. It is possibly executing a long running typetext function or long key press function.
0x04 – 0x7F	<i>Reserved for future</i>

Should the need arise to send more key events, ensure there is an adequate delay between pressing each key (or holding key down, or releasing key up). The delay needed depends on the system, but typically 50 milliseconds should be enough.

Type text functionality takes care of the appropriate interval.

4.4.3.1 *Single key press*

This emulates pressing a single key on the keyboard. At a low level this simulates pressing the keyboard key down and immediately releases it.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x01	1	Command for single key press
Scancode		2	16-bit unsigned integer specifying keyboard key to press.

Errors

Error code	Error description
0x80	Invalid scancode. The length of the scancode field was less or more than 2 bytes.

4.4.3.2 *Key down*

Emulates pressing a keyboard key down without releasing it. Using this function should be paired with Key up function.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x02	1	Command for pressing key down.
Scancode		2	16-bit unsigned integer specifying keyboard key to press.

Errors

Error code	Error description
0x80	Invalid scancode. The length of the scancode field was less or more than 2 bytes.

4.4.3.3 Key up

Release a key that was held down by the Key down function.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x03	1	Command for releasing key.
Scancode		2	16-bit unsigned integer specifying keyboard key to release.

Errors

Error code	Error description
0x80	Invalid scancode. The length of the scancode field was less or more than 2 bytes.

4.4.3.4 Type text

This command emulates typing unicode characters to the topmost window.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x04	1	Command for type text function.
Array of Unicode characters		varies	Array of 16-bit unsigned integers specifying Unicode characters (UCS-2) to type.

Errors

Error code	Error description
0x90	Array of Unicode characters is empty
0x91	Invalid array of Unicode characters. Array should be divisible by two, because each character is UCS-2.

4.4.3.5 Long key press

This command emulates pressing and holding down a single key and releasing it after a specified time. The functionality is the same as using the “Key down” and “Key up” commands consecutively but this command automates both events at a specified interval.

Note that when a long key press is active the key event service is busy and it won’t accept any other commands before the key press ends (the “ok” response message is sent when the key is released).

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x05	1	Command for long key press
Scancode		2	16-bit unsigned integer specifying

			keyboard key to press.
Time		2	16-bit unsigned integer specifying the time to hold the key down. Time is specified in milliseconds.

Errors

Error code	Error description
0x80	Invalid scancode. The length of the command message was not 5 bytes as stated in the Syntax table above.

4.4.3.6 Type text password

The command emulates typing unicode characters to topmost password window. A special command for this is needed because normal 'type text' - command will result in all characters appearing twice.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x06	1	Command for type text password function.
Array of Unicode characters		Varies	Array of 16-bit unsigned integers specifying Unicode characters (UCS-2) to type.

Errors

Error code	Error description
0x90	Array of Unicode characters is empty
0x91	Invalid array of Unicode characters. Array should be divisible by two, because each character is UCS-2.

4.4.3.7 Key press sequence

This command emulates pressing a sequence of keys with a given interval between them and time that each key is held down. The time that each key is held down can be zero, when they are released immediately after pressing them down. The minimum interval between key presses is 50 ms.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x07	1	Command for key press sequence function.
Time		2	16-bit unsigned integer specifying the time to hold each key down. Time is specified in milliseconds.
Interval		2	16-bit unsigned integer specifying the time between each key. Time is specified in milliseconds.

Scancode		2	16-bit unsigned integer specifying keyboard key to press.
(The scancodes for the rest of the keys in the sequence)			

Errors

Error code	Error description
0x90	Array of Unicode characters is empty
0x91	Invalid array of Unicode characters. Array should be divisible by two, because each character is UCS-2.

4.4.3.8 Tap screen

This command emulates tapping one point in the touch screen. Taps can be repeated and the interval specified.

All parameters after the command code are specified as 16-bit little-endian unsigned integers.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x10	1	Command for tap screen.
X coordinate		2	The screen X coordinate to tap.
Y coordinate		2	The screen Y coordinate to tap.
Time to hold down		2	The time in milliseconds how long the pointer is kept down before lifting up.
Tap count		2	How many times to repeat the tap to the same point.
Pause between taps		2	The time in milliseconds how long pause to keep between consecutive taps (if more than one).

Errors

Error code	Error description
0x9A	The parameters given to the command are invalid.

4.4.3.9 Tap and drag

This command emulates a drag and drop operation using a straight line between two given points. The length of time that the drag takes can be specified.

All parameters after the command code are specified as 16-bit little-endian unsigned integers.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x11	1	Command for tap and drag.
Start X coordinate		2	The screen X coordinate where the pointer is pressed down.
Start Y coordinate		2	The screen Y coordinate where the pointer is pressed down.
End X coordinate		2	The screen X coordinate where the pointer is lifted up.
End Y coordinate		2	The screen Y coordinate where the pointer is lifted up.
Drag time		2	The time in milliseconds that the drag takes.

Errors

Error code	Error description
0x9A	The parameters given to the command are invalid.

4.4.3.10 Tap and drag multipoint

This command emulates a drag operation via multiple points thus enabling drawing of curvy lines. One command can contain one or many lines.

All parameters after the command code are specified as 16-bit little-endian unsigned integers.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x12	1	Command for tap and drag multipoint.
Time between points		2	The time in milliseconds it takes to drag from one point to the next, so this controls how fast the dragging happens.
Time between lines		2	The time in milliseconds that a pause is kept between ending the drawing of one line and starting another.
Point count of first line		2	How many points (x and y coordinate pairs) the first line contains.
First X coordinate		2	The screen X coordinate from where the line begins.
First Y coordinate		2	The screen Y coordinate from where the line begins.
Second X coordinate		2	The screen X coordinate of the second point where to drag the pointer.
Second Y coordinate		2	The screen Y coordinate of the second point where to drag the pointer.
			The X and Y coordinates repeated as many times as specified in the point count. The pointer is lifted up in the last

			coordinate position.
Point count of the second line		2	How many points (x and y coordinates) the following line contains (if drawing more than one lines with the same command).
			The X and Y coordinates repeated as many times as specified in the point count. Then the point count of the next line, point coordinates, etc.

Errors

Error code	Error description
0x9A	The parameters given to the command are invalid.

4.4.3.11 *Pointer down*

This command emulates pressing a pointer down in specified point without releasing it. Using this command should be paired with Pointer up command.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x13	1	Command for pressing pointer down.
X coordinate		2	The screen X coordinate where the pointer is pressed down.
Y coordinate		2	The screen Y coordinate where the pointer is pressed down.

Errors

Error code	Error description
0x9A	The parameters given to the command are invalid.

4.4.3.12 *Pointer up*

This command emulates lifting the pointer up (that was pressed down with the Pointer down command). The coordinates of the point where the pointer is lifted up can be same or different than what was given to the Pointer down command. In case of different coordinates, the pointer drags to the pointer up coordinates before lift.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x14	1	Command for lifting the pointer up.
X coordinate		2	The screen X coordinate where the pointer is lifted up.
Y coordinate		2	The screen Y coordinate where the pointer is lifted up.

Errors

Error code	Error description
0x9A	The parameters given to the command are invalid.

4.4.4 SCREEN CAPTURING SERVICE

This service allows capturing either full screen or its region and sends back as image file. By default, bitmap format is used, but another format can be specified with a supported MIME type parameter. The service contains also text recognition related functionalities.

The following commands are supported:

Table 6: Screen capture commands

CommandName	CommandCode
Screen	0x01
ScreenRegion	0x02
ScreenZip	0x03
ScreenRegionZip	0x04
TextRecognition	0x10
TextRecognition_u	0x11
TextBitmap	0x12
TextBitmap_u	0x13
ScreenSeries	0x21
ScreenRegionSeries	0x22
ScreenZipSeries	0x23
ScreenRegionZipSeries	0x24
SelectScreen	0x30
ScreenMode	0x3A
ScreenDelta	0x81
ScreenDeltaRegion	0x82
ScreenDeltaZip	0x83
ScreenDeltaRegionZip	0x84
DeltaReset	0x85

Optionally, colour depth of output screenshot can be specified. Values from TDisplayMode enumeration (gdi.h) are used. If ENone (0) is specified, then current display mode is used. Following values are currently supported (from gdi.h):

Table 7: Display modes

CommandName	CommandCode
ENone	0x00
EGray2	0x01
EGray4	0x02
EGray16	0x03
EGray256	0x04
EColor16	0x05
EColor256	0x06
EColor64K	0x07
EColor16M	0x08
ERgb	0x09
EColor4K	0x0A
EColor16MU	0x0B
EColor16MA	0x0C

Text recognition commands can accept font attributes. The following table contains attribute constants that could be combined to change a default attribute set. Default attributes are normal stroke weight, normal posture, normal print position, anti-aliased bitmap glyph type. Note, that superscript and subscript should not be combined.

Table 8: Font attributes

AttributeName	AttributeCode
Bold stroke weight	0x01
Italic posture	0x02
Not anti-aliased bitmap glyph type	0x04
Superscript	0x08
Subscript	0x18

Text recognition command uses following response codes:

Table 9: Text recognition command response codes

ResponseName	ResponseCode
Ok	0xF0
NotFound	0xF1

The screen mode command uses the following screen orientation values from CFbsBiGc::TGraphicsOrientation enumeration:

Table 10: Screen rotation values

RotationName	RotationCode
EGraphicsOrientationNormal	0x00
EGraphicsOrientationRotated90	0x01
EGraphicsOrientationRotated180	0x02
EGraphicsOrientationRotated270	0x03

4.4.4.1 Full screen capture

Returns a screenshot of the whole screen. By default, the image is sent in uncompressed bitmap format. Another format can be specified in the ImageMIMEType parameter by its MIME type (e.g. “image/png”, “image/gif”, “image/jpeg”). If a message contains anything after the first byte, it is treated as a MIME type, otherwise if a message contains only one byte, the default format is used.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x01 0x03	1	Screen, ScreenZip
ColorDepth		1	Value from TDisplayMode, optional
ImageMIMEType		variable	Registered image MIME type as 8-bit encoded text, optional

Return

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Image		variable	Data of the returned image.

4.4.4.2 Screen region capture

Returns screenshot of a screen region. By default, image is sent in uncompressed bitmap format. Another format can be specified in the ImageMIMEType parameter by its MIME type (e.g. “image/png”, “image/gif”, “image/jpeg”). Notice, that bottom right coordinate of the specified region is exclusive. E.g., to specify a 32 pixels by 32 pixels region in the top left corner of the screen, (0,0)x(32,32) coordinates are used.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x02 0x04	1	ScreenRegion, ScreenRegionZip
Top left x coordinate		2	Top left corner of the region (inclusive) as little-endian unsigned 16-bit integer
Top left y coordinate		2	...
Bottom right x coordinate		2	Bottom right corner of the region (exclusive)

			as little-endian unsigned 16-bit integer
Bottom right y coordinate		2	...
ColorDepth		1	Value from TDisplayMode, optional
ImageMIMEType		variable	Registered image MIME type as 8-bit encoded text

Return

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Image		variable	Data of the returned image.

4.4.4.3 Text Recognition

The text recognition command defines that the text in question is currently displayed on screen using one of provided fonts.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x10 0x11	1	TextRecognition, TextRecognition_u
TextLength		1	Text length in characters
Text		variable	Text either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command
NumberOfFonts		1	Number of font specifications, should be at least 1.
TypefaceNameLength		1	Typeface name length.
TypefaceName		variable	Typeface name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command
FontHeight		2	Font height in pixels as unsigned little-endian 16bit integer
FontStyle		1	Font style as combination of font attributes (see Table 8)

Fields TypefaceNameLength, TypefaceName, FontHeight and FontStyle are repeated NumberOfFonts time.

Return

Ok, NotFound or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xF0 0xF1	1	Ok, NotFound
Top left X		2	The x-coordinate of the top left corner (inclusive) of the found text. Encoded as unsigned little-endian 16bit integer. For Ok command

Top left Y		2	Text y-coordinate of the top left corner (inclusive) of the found text. Encoded as unsigned little-endian 16bit integer. For Ok command
Bottom right X		2	The x-coordinate of the bottom right corner (exclusive) of the found text. Encoded as unsigned little-endian 16bit integer. For Ok command
Bottom right Y		2	The y-coordinate of the bottom right corner (exclusive) of the found text. Encoded as unsigned little-endian 16bit integer. For Ok command
FontIndex		1	Font of the found text as index to the font specifications passed in the request. For Ok command.

4.4.4.4 Text bitmap

This command generates a bitmap with text in question using the specified font. By default, image is sent in uncompressed bitmap format. Another format can be specified in the `ImageMIMEType` parameter by its MIME type (e.g. "image/png", "image/gif", "image/jpeg").

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x12 0x13	1	TextBitmap, TextBitmap_u
ColorDepth		1	Value from TDisplayMode, optional
ImageMIMEType length		1	ImageMIMEType length
ImageMIMEType		variable	Registered image MIME type as 8-bit encoded text, optional
TextLength		1	Text length in characters
Text		variable	Text either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command
TypefaceNameLength		1	Typeface name length.
TypefaceName		variable	Typeface name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command
FontHeight		2	Font height in pixels as unsigned little-endian 16bit integer
FontStyle		1	Font style as combination of font attributes (see Table 8)
Font color		4	Color in the 0x00BBGGRR form as unsigned little-endian 32bit integer
Background color		4	Color in the 0x00BBGGRR form as unsigned little-endian 32bit integer

Return

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Image		variable	Data of the returned image.

4.4.4.5 Full screen capture in series

The command captures series of screenshots of the whole screen. By default, image is sent in uncompressed bitmap format. Another format can be specified in the `ImageMIMEType` parameter by its MIME type (e.g. "image/png", "image/gif", "image/jpeg"). If a message contains anything after the `ColorDepth` byte, it is treated as a MIME type, otherwise if a message contains only one byte, the default format is used. List of full paths to screenshot images is returned in the response.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x21 0x23	1	ScreenSeries, ScreenZipSeries
Duration		4	Time to take screenshots in microseconds
Interval		4	Time in between shots in microseconds. Encoding time is not included in this.
ColorDepth		1	Value from TDisplayMode, optional
ImageMIMEType		variable	Registered image MIME type as 8-bit encoded text, optional

Return

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
PathNameLength		1	Length of PathName in bytes
PathName		Variable	Full path to screenshot file as 8-bit text

4.4.4.6 Screen region capture in series

The command captures series of screenshots of the specified region of the screen. By default, image is sent in uncompressed format. Another format can be specified in the `ImageMIMEType` parameter by its MIME type (e.g. "image/png", "image/gif", "image/jpeg"). If a message contains anything after the `Bottom right y` coordinate word, it is treated as a MIME type, otherwise if a message contains only one byte, the default format is used. List of full paths to screenshot images is returned in the response.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x22 0x24	1	ScreenRegionSeries, ScreenRegionZipSeries

Duration		4	Time to take screenshots in microseconds
Interval		4	Time in between shots. Encoding time is not included in this.
ColorDepth		1	Value from TDisplayMode, optional
Top left x coordinate		2	Top left corner of the region (inclusive) as little endian unsigned 16-bit integer
Top left y coordinate		2	...
Bottom right x coordinate		2	Bottom right corner of the region (exclusive) as little endian unsigned 16-bit integer
Bottom right y coordinate		2	...
ImageMIMEType		variable	Registered image MIME type as 8-bit encoded text, optional

Return

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
PathNameLength		1	Length of PathName in bytes
PathName		Variable	Full path to screenshot file as 8-bit text

4.4.4.7 Select screen

This command can be used to change the screen where the screenshot commands are targeted. This command is only applicable if the device has more than one screen.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x30	1	SelectScreen
Screen number		1	The index number of the screen to use. Usually the main display is 0 and cover UI display is 1.

Return

Byte 0x30 (the command code) if OK, otherwise an error message.

4.4.4.8 Screen mode

This command can be used to query the attributes of the currently selected screen. If there is more than one screen in the device, the attributes of other screens can be queried by first changing the currently selected screen with the Select Screen command.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x3A	1	ScreenMode

Return

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
This screen number		1	The index number of the screen whose attributes are returned.
Screen width		2	The width of the screen in pixels as little endian unsigned 16-bit integer.
Screen height		2	The height of the screen in pixels as little endian unsigned 16-bit integer.
Screen rotation		1	The rotation of the screen. 0 = normal, 1 = 90°, 2 = 180°, 3 = 270°
Display mode		1	The display mode of the screen. Value from TDisplayMode (see Table 7).
Focus screen number		1	The index number of the screen that currently has focus. Note that this can be different than the currently selected screen.

4.4.4.9 Full screen delta capture

This command captures only the changed part of the screen. The current screen is compared to the screen saved by previous ‘delta’ command. Rectangle coordinates of the changed region and corresponding part of the screen is returned in the response.

The whole screen and coordinates for maximum sized rectangle are returned if the previously saved image:

- does not exist
- its display mode does not match the current screen
- its size is different than the current screen

If the previous image is exactly the same as current image then the rectangle coordinates are set to zero and no image is returned.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x81 0x83	1	ScreenDelta, ScreenDeltaZip
ColorDepth		1	Value from TDisplayMode, optional
ImageMIMEType		variable	Registered image MIME type as 8-bit

			encoded text, optional
--	--	--	------------------------

Return

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Top left x coordinate		2	Top left corner of the region (inclusive) as little-endian unsigned 16-bit integer
Top left y coordinate		2	...
Bottom right x coordinate		2	Bottom right corner of the region (exclusive) as little-endian unsigned 16-bit integer
Bottom right y coordinate		2	...
Image		variable	Data of the returned image. Optional

4.4.4.10 Screen region delta capture

Functions like the 'Full screen delta capture' command but all returned coordinates are relative to the given region.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x82 0x84	1	ScreenDeltaRegion, ScreenDeltaRegionZip
Top left x coordinate		2	Top left corner of the region (inclusive) as little-endian unsigned 16-bit integer
Top left y coordinate		2	...
Bottom right x coordinate		2	Bottom right corner of the region (exclusive) as little-endian unsigned 16-bit integer
Bottom right y coordinate		2	...
ColorDepth		1	Value from TDisplayMode, optional
ImageMIMEType		variable	Registered image MIME type as 8-bit encoded text

Return

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Top left x coordinate		2	Top left corner of the region (inclusive) as little-endian unsigned 16-bit integer
Top left y coordinate		2	...
Bottom right x coordinate		2	Bottom right corner of the region (exclusive) as little-endian unsigned 16-bit integer
Bottom right y coordinate		2	...
Image		variable	Data of the returned image. Optional

4.4.4.11 Screen delta reset

This command resets the delta screen capture so that the next call to delta capture returns the full screen (or region if using region delta capture) as if it would be the first call to delta capture.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x85	1	DeltaReset

Return

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x85	1	Delta reset command processed ok.

4.4.5 APPLICATION CONTROL SERVICE

This service allows start and stop applications and programs (exe) identified either by name or UID. The plug-in support the following set of commands:

Table 11: Application control commands

CommandName	CommandCode
StartProcess	0x02
StartProcess_u	0x03
StatusProcess	0x04
StatusProcess_u	0x05
StatusProcessId	0x06
StopProcess	0x08
StopProcess_u	0x09
StopProcessId	0x0A
ListProcesses	0x0C
ListProcesses_u	0x0D
StartProcessRetVal	0x0E
StartProcessRetVal_u	0x07
GetProcessExitCode	0x0B
StartApp	0x10
StartApp_u	0x11
StartAppUid	0x12
StartAppUid_u	0x13
StartDoc	0x14
StartDoc_u	0x15
StatusApp	0x16

StatusApp_u	0x17
StatusDoc	0x18
StatusDoc_u	0x19
StatusAppUid	0x1A
StopApp	0x1C
StopApp_u	0x1D
StopDoc	0x1E
StopDoc_u	0x1F
StopAppUid	0x20
ListApps	0x24
ListApps_u	0x25
Install	0x30
Install_u	0x31
UnInstall	0x32

Note that the first bit is used to indicate unicode variant.

Table 12: Application control response codes

ResponseName	ResponseCode
Ok	0xF0
NotFound	0xF1
AlreadyRunning	0xF2
AlreadyStopped	0xF3
Running	0xF4
Killed	0xF5
Panic	0xF6

String parameters for all commands specified as string length byte with string content bytes following. String length is specified in characters.

4.4.5.1 Start process

Start process defined by exe file name. If an exe file located in standard system folder, e.g. c:\system\programs, than only file name can be specified. If an exe file located in some separate folder, full path should be used with the file name.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x02 0x03	1	StartProcess, StartProcess_u
ProgramNameLength		1	Program name length in characters
ProgramName		variable	Program full name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command
CommandLineArgumentLength		1	Command line argument string length in characters
CommandLineArgument		variable	Command line argument string either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command

Return

Ok, NotFound or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xF0 0xF1	1	Ok, NotFound
ProcessId		4	Process id as unsigned little-endian 32bit integer for Ok command

4.4.5.2 Stop process

Stop process defined by a match pattern that can identify a process.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x08 0x09	1	StopProcess, StopProcess_u
ProcessNameLength		1	Process name length in characters
ProcessName		variable	Math pattern either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command

Return

Ok, NotFound or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xF0 0xF1	1	Ok, NotFound

4.4.5.3 Stop process by id

Stop process using the process id returned during process start.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x0A	1	StopProcessId
ProcessId		4	Process Id as unsigned little-endian 32bit integer

Return

Ok, NotFound or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xF0 0xF1	1	Ok, NotFound

4.4.5.4 Get process status

Check the status of a process defined by a match pattern.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x04 0x05	1	StatusProcess, StatusProcess_u
ProcessNameLength		1	Process name length in characters
ProcessName		variable	Math pattern either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command

Return

NotFound, Running or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xF1 0xF4	1	NotFound or Running

4.4.5.5 Get process status by id

Check the status of a process using the process id returned during process start.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x06	1	StatusProcessId
ProcessId		4	Process Id as unsigned little-endian 32bit integer

Return

NotFound, Running or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xF1 0xF4	1	NotFound or Running

4.4.5.6 Start application by name

Start an application defined by its name. Optional `DocumentName` parameter can be specified to pass it to the application started. The `ApplicationName` parameter can be a full path to the application file (including drive letter) or just the application filename (with or without the file extension).

If the application that is being started is already running, it will be brought to the foreground.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x10 0x11	1	StartApp, StartApp_u
ApplicationNameLength		1	Application name length in characters
ApplicationName		variable	Application name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command
DocumentNameLength		1	Document name length in characters
DocumentName		variable	Document full name (including drive letter and path) either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command

Return

Ok, NotFound, AlreadyRunning or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xF0 0xF1 0xF2	1	Ok, NotFound, AlreadyRunning
Threadld		4	Application's main thread id as unsigned little-endian 32bit integer for Ok command

4.4.5.7 Start application by UID

Start an application defined by its UID. Optional `DocumentName` parameter can be specified to pass it to the application started.

If the application that is being started is already running, it will be brought to the foreground.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x12 0x13	1	StartAppUid, StartAppUid_u
ApplicationUid		4	Application UID as signed little-endian 32bit integer
DocumentNameLength		1	Document name length in characters
DocumentName		variable	Document full name (including drive letter and path) either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command

Return

Ok, NotFound, AlreadyRunning or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xF0 0xF1 0xF2	1	Ok, NotFound, AlreadyRunning
Threadld		4	Application's main thread id as unsigned little-endian 32bit integer for Ok command

4.4.5.8 Start document

Start an application to open specified document.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x14 0x15	1	StartDoc, StartDoc_u
DocumentNameLength		1	Document name length in characters
DocumentName		variable	Document full name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command

Return

Ok, NotFound or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xF0 0xF1	1	Ok, NotFound
Threadld		4	Application's main thread id as unsigned little-endian 32bit integer for Ok command

4.4.5.9 Get application status by application name

Check the status of an application.

The `ApplicationName` parameter can be the application caption, full path to the application file (including drive letter) or just the application filename (with or without the file extension).

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x16 0x17	1	StatusApp, StatusApp_u
ApplicationNameLength		1	Application name length in characters
ApplicationName		variable	Application name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command

Return

NotFound, Running or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xF1 0xF4	1	NotFound, Running

4.4.5.10 *Get application status document name*

Check the status of application handling specified document.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x18 0x19	1	StatusDoc, StatusDoc_u
DocumentNameLength		1	Document name length in characters
DocumentName		variable	Document name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command

Return

NotFound, Running or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xF1 0xF4	1	NotFound, Running

4.4.5.11 *Get application status by UID*

Check the status of application defined by its UID.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x1A	1	StatusAppUid

ApplicationUid		4	Application UID as signed little-endian 32bit integer
----------------	--	---	---

Return

NotFound, Running or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xF1 0xF4	1	NotFound, Running

4.4.5.12 Stop application by application name

Stop application defined by the `ApplicationName` parameter.

The `ApplicationName` parameter can be the application caption, full path to the application file (including drive letter) or just the application filename (with or without the file extension).

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x1C 0x1D	1	StopApp, StopApp_u
ApplicationNameLength		1	Application name length in characters
ApplicationName		variable	Application name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command

Return

Ok, NotFound or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xF0 0xF1	1	Ok, NotFound

4.4.5.13 Stop application by document name

Stop application handling specified document.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x1E 0x1F	1	StopDoc, StopDoc_u
DocumentNameLength		1	Document name length in characters
DocumentName		variable	Document name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command

Return

Ok, NotFound or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xF0 0xF1	1	Ok, NotFound

4.4.5.14 Stop application by UID

Stop application defined by its UID.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x20	1	StopAppUid
ApplicationUid		4	Application UID as signed little-endian 32bit integer

Return

Ok, NotFound or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xF0 0xF1	1	Ok, NotFound

4.4.5.15 List running applications

List the applications currently running.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x24 0x25	1	ListApps, ListApps_u
IncludeHidden	0x00, 0x01	1	Whether the response should contain applications marked as hidden.
IncludeSystem	0x00, 0x01	1	Whether the response should contain applications marked as system applications.

Return

Ok or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xF0	1	Ok
NumberOfApps		2	The number of applications contained in the following list. Encoded as little-endian unsigned 16bit integer.
AppUID		4	Application UID as unsigned little-endian

			32bit integer.
CaptionNameLength		1	Length of the application caption in characters.
CaptionName		variable	The application caption. Encoded either as 8-bit or 16-bit text depending on the command variant used.
DocumentNameLength		1	Length of the document name in characters.
DocumentName		variable	The name of the document that the application is currently handling. Encoded either as 8-bit or 16-bit text depending on the command variant used.
Hidden	0x00, 0x01	1	Flag indicating is the application marked as hidden.
System	0x00, 0x01	1	Flag indicating is the application marked as system application.
Ready	0x00, 0x01	1	Flag indicating is the application ready.
Busy	0x00, 0x01	1	Flag indicating is the application busy.
Closable	0x00, 0x01	1	Flag indicating is the application responding to shutdown events.

The AppUid, CaptionNameLength, CaptionName, DocumentNameLength, DocumentName, Hidden, System, Ready, Busy and Closable fields are repeated for each application returned by the list command. If there are no applications found, the NumberOfApps is defined as zero

4.4.5.16 List processes

List processes. An optional search pattern may be given.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x0C 0x0D	1	ListProcesses, ListProcesses_u
MatchPatternLength		1	The match pattern length in characters.
MatchPattern		Variable	The match pattern for the listed processes either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command. This parameter is optional. All available processes are listed, if this parameter is omitted.

Return

Ok or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xF0	1	Ok
NumberOfProcesses		2	The number of listed processes as little-endian unsigned 16bit integer.
ProcessId		4	Process id as unsigned little-endian 32bit integer.
Status	0xF4 0xF5 0xF6	1	Running Killed Panic
ProcessNameLength		1	The process name length in characters.
ProcessName		Variable	The process name encoded as 8-bit text.

The ProcessId, Status, ProcessNameLength and ProcessName fields are repeated for each process returned by list command. If there are no processes found by the defined match pattern, the NumberOfProcesses is defined as zero.

4.4.5.17 *Start process for exit code*

Starts a process and stores its process handle for process exit code queries with GetProcessExitCode command.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x0E 0x07	1	StartProcessRetVal, StartProcessRetVal_u
ProgramNameLength		1	Program name length in characters
ProgramName		Variable	Program full name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command
CommandLineArgumentLength		1	Command line argument string length in characters
CommandLineArgument		Variable	Command line argument string either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command

Return

Ok, NotFound or error message (see 4.3.3).

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xF0 0xF1	1	Ok, NotFound
ProcessId		4	Process id as unsigned little-endian 32bit integer for Ok command

4.4.5.18 *Get process exit code*

Gets the status and exit code of the process started with StartProcessRetVal command.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x0B	1	GetProcessExitCode
ProcessId		4	Process Id as unsigned little-endian 32bit integer

Return

Ok or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xF0 0xF1	1	Ok, NotFound
ProcessStatus	0 – 3	1	0 = Killed 1 = Terminated 2 = Panic 3 = Running
ExitReason		4	Exit code or panic code depending on process status. Zero if process is still running.
ExitCategoryLength	>=0	1	The length of the exit category field
ExitCategory		>= 0	The name of the category associated with the end of the process. If the process has panicked, the category name is the panic category name, for example KERN-EXEC. If the process has ended as a result of a call to Kill(), then the category name is Kill. If the process has ended as a result of a call to Terminate(), then the category name is Terminate. If the process is still running, the category name is empty.

4.4.5.19 *Install software*

Install the software from defined installation package according to given options.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x30 0x31	1	Install, Install_u
InstallPackagePathLength	>=0	1	Install package path length in characters
InstallPackagePath		Variable	Install package path either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant

			command
Upgrade	0, 1	1	Whether upgrading is allowed
OptionalItems	0,1	1	Whether installation is allowed if the installation package contains optional items
OCSP	0,1	1	Whether OCSP procedure should be done
IgnoreOCSPWarnings	0,1	1	Whether OCSP warnings are ignored
Untrusted	0,1	1	Whether untrusted packages may be installed
PackageInfo	0,1	1	Whether installation is allowed to continue if package info should be displayed
Capabilities	0,1	1	Whether user capabilities will be granted
KillApp	0,1	1	Whether running applications will be killed if needed
Overwrite	0,1	1	Whether existing files will be overwritten if needed
Download	0,1	1	Whether download will be performed, if needed by installation
DownloadUsernameLength	>=0	1	The username length in characters
DownloadUsername		Variable	The username to be provided to web page if needed during download either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command
DownloadPasswordLength	>=0	1	The password length in characters
DownloadPassword		Variable	The password to be provided to web page if needed during download either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command
Drive		1	The target drive to install (e.g. C, E). ! character stands for any drive having enough space
Language		1	The target language according to the TLanguage enumeration defined in e32const.h
UsePhoneLanguage	0,1	1	If set to TRUE, the preceding Language parameter is ignored and phone's default language is used instead
UpgradeData	0,1	1	Whether the data of the application should be upgraded as part of the package upgrade

Return

Ok, NotFound or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xF0	1	Ok

4.4.5.20 *Uninstall software*

Uninstall the software with defined UID.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x32	1	UnInstall
ApplicationUid		4	Application UID as signed little-endian 32bit integer
KillApp	0,1	1	Whether running applications will be killed if needed
BreakDependency	0,1	1	Whether it is acceptable to continue uninstallation if it will cause a dependency break
MimeType	0...7	1	Mime type of the package to be uninstalled according to the following enumeration: 0 = Sixx Mime Type, 1 = Sis Mime Type, 2 = Pip Mime Type, 3 = Jad Mime Type, 4 = Jar Mime Type, 5 = Java Mime Type, 6 = Jarx Mime Type 7= Other MIME-Types (*.*)

Return

Ok, NotFound or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xF0	1	Ok,

4.4.5.21 *Uninstall software by name*

Uninstall software with defined install package name.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x33, 0x34	1	0x33 = UnInstallName_u, 0x34 = UnInstallName
PackageNameLength		1	The length of the following name field in characters.
PackageName		Variable	Package name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command.
KillApp	0,1	1	Whether running applications will be killed if needed.
BreakDependency	0,1	1	Whether it is acceptable to continue uninstallation if it will cause a dependency break.
MimeType	0...7	1	Mime type of the package to be uninstalled

			according to the following enumeration: 0 = Sixx Mime Type, 1 = Sis Mime Type, 2 = Pip Mime Type, 3 = Jad Mime Type, 4 = Jar Mime Type, 5 = Java Mime Type, 6 = Jarx Mime Type 7= Other MIME-Types (*.*)
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Return

Ok, NotFound or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0xF0	1	Ok

4.4.6 FTP SERVICE (FTP)

The FTP service provides functions to remotely manage phone files. It includes files sending/retrieving/deleting, and directory listing/creating/deleting. The FTP service plugin uses the Priorityflag (see Table 1) to organise control and data channels. Data channel (messages with normal priority) is used for actual file transfer and control channel (higher priority message) used for requests. In reply to any command except CANCEL (see chapter 0), an error message (see 4.3.3) with plug-in error code -16 can be sent. It happens when the FTP service is currently transferring file and is not able to process another command.

The following tables list all supported commands, endings “_u” means the variant command that accepts or reply with directory and file names in Unicode.

Table 13: FTP commands

CommandName	CommandCode
FtpSTOR	0x02
FtpSTOR_u	0x03
FtpRETR	0x04
FtpRETR_u	0x05
FtpLIST	0x06
FtpLIST_u	0x07
FtpMKD	0x08
FtpMKD_u	0x09
FtpRMD	0x0A
FtpRMD_u	0x0B
FtpDELE	0x0C
FtpDELE_u	0x0D

FtpCANCEL	0x0E
FtpFILESIZE	0x0F
FtpLISTDIR	0x10
FtpLISTDIR_u	0x11
FtpLISTSIZES	0x12
FtpLISTSIZES_u	0x13
FtpSETFORCE	0x20
FtpCHECKSUM	0x30
FtpCHECKSUM_u	0x31
FtpOK	0xF0

For OK response, message body contains only FtpOK command code.

4.4.6.1 Upload file

Copy file to a phone. After the request command is sent, framework will reply with an error message if the file can not be accepted or FtpOk if it is accepted. If FtpOk message sent, HtiFramework expects file data in messages in the data channel. Data transfer can be cancelled by sending the CANCEL command (see chapter 0). When all data are received, FtpOk is send back again.

Note: Uploading files to TCB directories (/sys and /resource) requires HTI to have TCB capability. If you have a production device and a developer certificate that does not allow TCB capability then the only way to get files to TCB folders is to create a signed SIS package of the files and put it through the installer. For automatic SIS install, you can use the Install command of the HTI application service.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x02 0x03	1	FtpSTOR, FtpSTOR_u
FileSize		4	File size as little-endian 32bit integer
FileNameLength		1	FileName length in characters
FileName		Variable	File name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command

Return

FtpOK or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.6.2 Download file

Retrieve a file from phone. In response to the RETR command, FTP service will send control message FILESIZE that specifies the size of the file to be transferred. After this, file data are sent in the data channel. Data transfer can be canceled by sending the CANCEL command (see chapter 0).

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x04 0x05	1	FtpRETR, FtpRETR_u
FileNameLength		1	FileName length in characters
FileName		Variable	File name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command

Return

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x0F	1	FtpFILESIZE
FileSize		4	File size as little-endian 32bit integer

4.4.6.3 Cancel file transfer

This command is used to cancel current data transfer.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x0E	1	FtpCANCEL

Return

FtpOK or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.6.4 List files

Returns the list of files located inside a specified directory. The response contains the list of files where each file name is represented by file name length in the first byte with the file name following.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x06 0x07	1	FtpLIST, FtpLIST_u
DirectoryNameLength		1	DirectoryName length in characters
DirectoryName		Variable	Directory name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command

Return

The file list or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
FileNameLength		1	FileName length in characters
FileName		Variable	File name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command

4.4.6.5 List directories

Returns the list of directories located inside a specified directory. The response contains the list of directories where each directory name is represented by name length in the first byte with the directory name following.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x10 0x11	1	FtpLISTDIR, FtpLISTDIR_u
DirectoryNameLength		1	DirectoryName length in characters
DirectoryName		Variable	Directory name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command

Return

The directory list or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
DirNameLength		1	DirName length in characters
DirName		Variable	Directory name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command

4.4.6.6 List files with sizes

Returns the list of files located inside a specified directory. The response contains the list of files. Each file entry consists of file name length byte, the file name string and the size of the file in bytes.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x12 0x13	1	FtpLISTSIZES, FtpLISTSIZES_u
DirectoryNameLength		1	DirectoryName length in characters
DirectoryName		Variable	Directory name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command

Return

The file list or error message (see 4.3.3)

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
FileNameLength		1	FileName length in characters
FileName		Variable	File name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command
FileSize		4	File size as little-endian 32bit unsigned integer

4.4.6.7 Create directory

Creates specified directory.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x08 0x09	1	FtpMKD, FtpMKD_u
DirectoryNameLength		1	DirectoryName length in characters
DirectoryName		Variable	Directory name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command

Return

FtpOK or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.6.8 Delete directory

Deletes specified directory.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x0A 0x0B	1	FtpRMD, FtpRMD_u
DirectoryNameLength		1	DirectoryName length in characters
DirectoryName		Variable	Directory name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command

Return

FtpOK or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.6.9 Delete file

Deletes specified file.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x0C 0x0D	1	FtpDELE, FtpDELE_u
FileNameLength		1	FileName length in characters
FileName		Variable	File name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command

Return

FtpOK or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.6.10 Set forced operations

Sets forced file operations on or off.

This functionality can be used if there is a need to download, delete or overwrite a file that is locked by some system application and cannot be accessed. When forced operations is set on, FtpRETR, FtpSTOR and FtpDELE commands will try the forced operation on the file if it otherwise fails.

In practice the forced operation means faking a backup/restore operation, which will shutdown GUI applications and make the system applications to release the file locks on the system files.

Note: that this is quite heavy operation and changes the state of device and applications, so this should be used only if absolutely necessary.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x20	1	FtpSETFORCE
State	0, 1	1	Sets the state of forced file operations. 0 = forced operations off, 1 = forced operations on

Return

FtpOK or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.6.11 File checksum

Calculate a checksum for a file. This can be used for example to compare equality of files or verifying the integrity of a file after file transfer operations.

The following table lists the currently supported algorithms, their ID numbers (ID to be used in the command message) and the length of the calculated checksum.

Algorithm	AlgorithmId	ChecksumLength
MD5	0x01	16 bytes

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x30 0x31	1	FtpCHECKSUM, FtpCHECKSUM_u
AlgorithmId	0x01	1	The ID number of algorithm to use in checksum calculation
FileNameLength		1	FileName length in characters
FileName		Variable	File name either encoded as 8-bit text or as UCS-2 for Unicode variant command

Return

The calculated checksum bytes (see length from the supported algorithms table above) or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.6.12 Format

Formats a drive (memory card).

Will not format the drive if HTI client is running from that drive.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x40	1	FtpFORMAT
Drive		1	The ASCII character code of the drive letter representing the drive to be formatted. For example 0x45 for drive E.
Mode	0x00, 0x01	1	The format mode: 0 = full format, 1 = quick format

Return

FtpOK or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.7 SYSINFO SERVICE

This service allows to retrieve different information about the phone and to control memory, lights and some system settings.

The following commands are supported:

Table 14: SysInfo commands

CommandName	CommandCode
HAL	0x01
IMEI	0x02

SWVersion	0x03
LangVersion	0x04
SWLangVersion	0x05
UserAgentString	0x06
GetFreeRAM	0x07
GetUsedRAM	0x08
GetTotalRAM	0x09
EatRAM	0x0A
ReleaseRAM	0x0B
GetFreeDiskSpace	0x0C
GetUsedDiskSpace	0x0D
GetTotalDiskSpace	0x0E
EatDiskSpace	0x0F
ReleaseDiskSpace	0x10
SetHomeTime	0x20
GetHomeTime	0x21
LightStatus	0x30
LightOn	0x31
LightOff	0x32
LightBlink	0x33
LightRelease	0x3A
ScreenSaverDisable	0x40
ScreenSaverEnable	0x41
ScreenSaverTimeout	0x42
GetNetworkMode	0x50
SetNetworkMode	0x51
SetNetworkModeNoReboot	0x52
SetHsdpa	0x53
IrActivate	0x5A
BtPower	0x5B
BtSettings	0x5C
KeyLockToggle	0x60
AutoKeyGuardTime	0x61
EmptyDrmRightsDb	0x65
BatteryStatus	0x70

4.4.7.1 HAL

This command accepts a 32bit integer argument corresponding to HALData::TAttribute enumeration. The return value is a 32bit integer value, which depends on the argument.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x01	1	HAL
AttributeValue		4	Value from HALData::TAttribute enumeration

Return

Response code as 32-bit little-endian integer or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.7.2 IMEI

Returns IMEI code as a 8-bit encoded string.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x02	1	IMEI

Return

IMEI as 8-bit string or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.7.3 SWVersion

Returns SW version as Unicode UCS-2 encoded string.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x03	1	SWVersion

Return

SWVersion as Unicode UCS-2 string or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.7.4 LangVersion

Returns the version of the currently installed language package as Unicode UCS-2 encoded string.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x04	1	LangVersion

Return

LangVersion as Unicode UCS-2 string or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.7.5 SWLangVersion

Returns the SW version with which the currently installed Language package is compatible with as Unicode UCS-2 encoded string.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x05	1	SWLangVersion

Return

SWLangVersion as Unicode UCS-2 string or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.7.6 UserAgentString

Returns the device specific user agent string (used e.g. in HTTP headers) as 8-bit encoded string.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x06	1	UserAgentString

Return

UserAgentString as 8-bit string or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.7.7 GetFreeRAM

Return the amount of free RAM.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x07	1	GetFreeRAM

Return

The amount of free RAM as 32-bit little-endian integer or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.7.8 *GetUsedRAM*

Return the amount of used RAM.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x08	1	GetUsedRAM

Return

The amount of used RAM as 32-bit little-endian integer or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.7.9 *GetTotalRAM*

Return the amount of total RAM.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x09	1	GetTotalRAM

Return

The amount of total RAM as 32-bit little-endian integer or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.7.10 *EatRAM*

Eat memory so that the amount of free RAM is set to defined level.

Note: The maximum amount of RAM that HTI can reserve is by default 1048576 bytes (one megabyte). The MaxHeapSize variable in HTI's configuration file can be increased to allow HTI consume more memory.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x0A	1	EatRAM
RAMToBeLeftOver		4	The amount of RAM to be left over as 32-bit little-endian integer

Return

The amount of free RAM after it has been eaten as 32-bit little-endian integer or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.7.11 *ReleaseRAM*

Release the previously eaten RAM.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x0B	1	ReleaseRAM

Return

The amount of free RAM after the previously eaten RAM has been released as 32-bit little-endian integer or error message (see 4.3.3).

4.4.7.12 GetFreeDiskSpace

Return the amount of free disk space on the defined volume.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x0C	1	GetFreeDiskSpace
DriveLetter	A-Z	1	The drive letter of volume whose disk space is queried

Return

The amount of free disk space as 64-bit little-endian integer or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.7.13 GetUsedDiskSpace

Return the amount of used disk space on the defined volume.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x0D	1	GetUsedDiskSpace
DriveLetter	A-Z	1	The drive letter of volume whose disk space is queried

Return

The amount of used disk space as 64-bit little-endian integer or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.7.14 GetTotalDiskSpace

Return the amount of total disk space on the defined volume.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x0E	1	GetTotalDiskSpace
DriveLetter	A-Z	1	The drive letter of volume whose disk

			space is queried
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Return

The amount of total disk space as 64-bit little-endian integer or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.7.15 EatDiskSpace

Eat disk space on the specified volume so that the amount of free disk space is set to defined level.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x0F	1	EatDiskSpace
DriveLetter	A-Z	1	The drive letter of volume whose disk space is eaten
DiskSpaceToBeLeftOver		8	The amount of disk space to be left over as 64-bit little-endian integer

Return

The amount of free disk space after it has been eaten as 64-bit little-endian integer or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.7.16 ReleaseDiskSpace

Release previously eaten disk space.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x10	1	ReleaseDiskSpace
DriveLetter	A-Z	1	The drive letter of volume whose disk space is released

Return

The amount of free disk space after it has been released as 64-bit little-endian integer or error message (see 4.3.3)

4.4.7.17 SetHomeTime

Sets the date and time of the device to the specified value.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x20	1	SetHomeTime
Year		2	The year value to set. Encoded as unsigned

			little-endian 16bit integer.
Month	0x01 - 0x0C	1	The month value to set as integer.
Day	0x01 - 0x1F	1	The day value to set as integer.
Hour	0x00 - 0x17	1	The hour value to set as integer.
Minute	0x00 - 0x3B	1	The minute value to set as integer.
Second	0x00 - 0x3B	1	The second value to set as integer.

Return

Byte 0x00 if setting the time succeeded.

Error message (see 3.3) if the given time is not valid or if setting the time fails.

4.4.7.18 GetHomeTime

Gets the current home time of the device (the time being displayed to the user).

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x21	1	GetHomeTime

Return

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Year		2	The year value. Encoded as unsigned little-endian 16bit integer.
Month	0x01 - 0x0C	1	The month value as integer.
Day	0x01 - 0x1F	1	The day value as integer.
Hour	0x00 - 0x17	1	The hour value as integer.
Minute	0x00 - 0x3B	1	The minute value as integer.
Second	0x00 - 0x3B	1	The second value as integer.

4.4.7.19 DateTimeFormat

Sets the date and time format settings.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x22	1	DateTimeFormat
DateFormat	0x00 – 0x02	1	The date presentation format: 0 = American (mm/dd/yyyy) 1 = European (dd/mm/yyyy) 2 = Japanese (yyyy/mm/dd)
DateSeparatorCharacter	0x2D, 0x2E, 0x2F, 0x3A,	1	The ASCII code of the character to be used as separator between day, month and year.
TimeFormat	0x00, 0x01	1	Whether to use 12 or 24 hour time format. 0 = 12 hour, 1 = 24 hour
TimeSeparatorCharacter	0x2E, 0x3A	1	The ASCII code of the character to be used as separator between hours and minutes.
ClockFormat	0x00, 0x01	1	Whether to show analog or digital clock. 0 = analog, 1 = digital

Return

Byte 0x00 if successful. Error message (see 3.3) if failed.

4.4.7.20 About Light command parameters

The following table explains some common characteristics related to the following Light-command parameters.

Parameter	Description
LightTarget	The LightTarget is defined as a bitmask. Some common values are: 1 = Primary display, 2 = Primary keyboard, 4 = Secondary display, 8 = Secondary keyboard. These can be combined as bitmask, so for example 3 = Primary display and keyboard, 12 = Secondary display and keyboard, and so on. The LightStatus command can only handle one target, not combinations. Note that all devices do not support all targets and specifying non-existing targets can result to “not supported” errors.
Duration	The duration is defined as milliseconds and since it is 2-bytes, the maximum value is 65535 milliseconds. Giving value 0 as duration means infinite duration. Note that if duration is something else than 0, other applications controlling the lights (mainly SysAp that is controlling the lights based on user activity/inactivity) may interrupt the given command during its duration. An infinite duration command can be stopped by calling some other light control command.
Intensity	Intensity is defined as percentage value (1 - 100). Defining intensity value 0 results in using the device’s default intensity. All devices might not support intensity definition. In that case the device will behave in its default fashion.
FadeIn / FadeOut	Defines whether lights are turned on/off instantly of smoothly fade in/out. All devices might not support fade in/out. In that case the device will behave in its default fashion.

OnDuration / OffDuration	The duration is defined as milliseconds and since it is 2-bytes, the maximum value is 65535 milliseconds. Giving value 0 results in using the device default values. If either the on or off value is defined as 0 then both must be 0. All devices might not support variable blink times. In that case the device default values are used.
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4.4.7.21 *LightStatus*

Returns the current status of one light target.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x30	1	LightStatus
LightTarget	0x01, 0x02, 0x04, 0x08	1	The light target whose status to retrieve.

Return

LightStatus as one byte integer: 1 = Light is on, 2 = Light is off, 3 = Light is blinking.

Error message (see 3.3) if there is a failure in getting the status.

4.4.7.22 *LightOn*

Turns on the specified light target with given duration and intensity.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x31	1	LightOn
LightTarget		1	The light target to turn on.
Duration	0x0000 - 0xFFFF	2	How long to keep the light on. Specified in milliseconds as unsigned little-endian 16bit integer.
Intensity	0x00 - 0x64	1	The light intensity (brightness) to use defined as percentage value.
FadeIn	0x00, 0x01	1	Whether to turn on light directly to defined intensity or with fade effect. 0 = no fade, any other value = use fade

Return

Byte 0x00 if successful. Error message (see 3.3) if failed.

4.4.7.23 *LightOff*

Turn off the specified light target for given duration.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x32	1	LightOff
LightTarget		1	The light target to turn off.
Duration	0x0000 - 0xFFFF	2	How long to keep the light off. Specified in milliseconds as unsigned little-endian 16bit integer.
FadeOut	0x00, 0x01	1	Whether to turn off light immediately or with fade effect. 0 = no fade, any other value = use fade

Return

Byte 0x00 if successful. Error message (see 3.3) if failed.

4.4.7.24 *LightBlink*

Blink the specified light target.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x33	1	LightBlink
LightTarget		1	The light target to blink.
Duration	0x0000 - 0xFFFF	2	How long to keep the light blinking. Specified in milliseconds as unsigned little-endian 16bit integer.
OnDuration	0x0000 - 0xFFFF	2	How long to keep the light on in each blink cycle. Specified in milliseconds as unsigned little-endian 16bit integer.
OffDuration	0x0000 - 0xFFFF	2	How long to keep the light off in each blink cycle. Specified in milliseconds as unsigned little-endian 16bit integer.
Intensity	0x00 - 0x64	1	The light intensity (brightness) to use defined as percentage value.

Return

Byte 0x00 if successful. Error message (see 3.3) if failed.

4.4.7.25 *LightRelease*

Releases control over all light targets. The effect of previously given light command is cancelled.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x3A	1	LightRelease

Return

Byte 0x00 if successful. Error message (see 3.3) if failed.

4.4.7.26 ScreenSaverDisable

Disable screen saver for being activated.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x40	1	ScreenSaverDisable

Return

Byte 0x00 if successful. Error message (see 3.3) if failed.

4.4.7.27 ScreenSaverEnable

Cancels a previously given ScreenSaverDisable request. Note that other applications may also have disabled the screen saver so it is not necessarily enabled after this command. This command just cancels the HTI-given disable request.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x41	1	ScreenSaverEnable

Return

Byte 0x00 if successful. Error message (see 3.3) if failed.

4.4.7.28 ScreenSaverTimeout

Sets the screen saver timeout value.

Note that from the phone user interface the screen saver timeout can be set between 5 – 90 seconds with 5 second intervals. Although HTI allows any value between 5 – 255, it is recommended to use only values that can be set also from the phone settings UI.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x42	1	ScreenSaverTimeout
Timeout	0x05 –	1	The screen saver timeout in seconds.

	0xFF		
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Return

Byte 0x00 if successful. Error message (see 3.3) if failed.

4.4.7.29 GetNetworkMode

Get the current network mode of the device.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x50	1	GetNetworkMode

Return

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x50	1	GetNetworkMode
NetworkMode		4	Bitmask of currently active network mode as unsigned little-endian 32bit integer. Gsm = 0x01 Umts = 0x02 Dual = 0x04

Error message (see 3.3) if failed.

4.4.7.30 SetNetworkMode

Set the current network mode of the device. This command will also reboot the device.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x51	1	SetNetworkMode
NetworkMode		4	Bitmask of network mode to set as unsigned little-endian 32bit integer. Gsm = 0x01 Umts = 0x02 Dual = 0x04

Return

If the command is successful there is no return message because HTI is stopped and the device rebooted. However if an error occurs standard error message is returned (see 3.3).

4.4.7.31 *SetNetworkModeNoReboot*

Sets the current network mode of the device. This command will not reboot the device.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x52	1	SetNetworkModeNoReboot
NetworkMode		4	Bitmask of network mode to set as unsigned little-endian 32bit integer. Gsm = 0x01 Umts = 0x02 Dual = 0x04

Return

Byte 0x00 if successful. Error message (see 3.3) if failed.

4.4.7.32 *SetHsdpa*

Enables or disables the “High speed packet access”.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x53	1	SetHsdpa
Enable/Disable	0x00 or 0x01	1	0 = Disable HSDPA, 1 = Enable HSDPA

Return

Byte 0x00 if status was changed successfully, byte 0x01 if it was already in requested state and no change was made. Error message (see 3.3) if failed

4.4.7.33 *IrActivate*

Activates the infrared listening.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x5A	1	IrActivate

Return

Byte 0x00 if IR activated, byte 0x01 if IR was already active. Error message (see 3.3) if failed.

4.4.7.34 *BtPower*

Controls Bluetooth power state.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x5B	1	BtPower
BtPowerState	0x00, 0x01	1	0 = turn Bluetooth off, 1 = turn Bluetooth on
Force	0x00, 0x01	1	Force power state change: 0 = do not force, 1 = force. Force must be used if setting BT on when in Offline mode or setting BT off when there are active BT connections.

Return

Byte 0x00 if power state change was successful, byte 0x01 if Bluetooth was already in requested state. Error message (see 3.3) if failed

4.4.7.35 BtSettings

Controls Bluetooth settings.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x5C	1	BtSettings
Discoverability	0x00, 0x01	1	0 = hidden, 1 = discoverable
EnableSAP	0x00, 0x01	1	0 = SIM access profile disabled, 1 = SIM access profile enabled
BtNameLength	0x00 – 0x1E	1	Length of the following Bluetooth name field. Zero means that BT name will not be changed.
BtName		0 – 30	Bluetooth name to be set encoded as 8-bit text.

Return

Byte 0x00 if successful. Error message (see 3.3) if failed.

4.4.7.36 BtDeletePairings

Delete Bluetooth pairings.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x5D	1	BtDeletePairings
CloseConnections	0x00, 0x01	1	0 = do not delete pairing if device has active connection, 1 = if device has active connection, close it and delete pairing
BtNameLength	0x00 –	1	Length of the following Bluetooth name field.

	0xF8		Zero means that all BT pairings will be deleted.
BitName		0 – 248	Exact name or match pattern indicating which BT device pairings to delete. Wildcard characters ? and * can be used to specify a match pattern.

Return

The number of device pairings deleted (as one byte) if successful. Error message (see 3.3) if any deletion failed.

4.4.7.37 KeyLockToggle

This command turns the device keypad locking on or off. It can also be controlled whether the information dialog about key lock status change is showed or not.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x60	1	KeyLockToggle
RequestedStatus	0x00, 0x01	1	0 = unlock keys, 1 = lock keys
ShowInfoNote	0x00, 0x01	1	0 = do not show note, 1 = show note

Return

Byte 0x00 if key lock state was changed successfully. Byte 0x01 if key lock was already in requested state. Error message (see 3.3) if failed

4.4.7.38 AutoKeyGuardTime

This command controls the time setting of automatic keypad lock (key guard). If value is set to zero, automatic keypad locking is disabled.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x61	1	AutoKeyGuardTime
TimeValue	0x0000 - 0x0E10	2	The auto key lock time to set in seconds. Maximum value is 3600 seconds (1 hour). Zero value disables automatic key locking.

Return

Byte 0x00 if successful. Error message (see 3.3) if failed.

4.4.7.39 *EmptyDrmRightsDb*

This command will erase existing DRM rights objects from the DRM rights database.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x65	1	EmptyDrmRightsDb

Return

Byte 0x00 if successful. Error message (see 3.3) if failed.

4.4.7.40 *BatteryStatus*

This command returns the current battery charge level and the current charging status.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x70	1	BatteryStatus

Return

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
BatteryBars	0x00 – 0x07	1	The current charge level of the battery as in how many bars are displayed by the battery status indicator.
ChargingStatus	0x00 – 0x05	1	The current charging status: 0 = charger not connected 1 = device is charging 2 = charger is connected, device is not charging 3 = charging almost completed 4 = charging completed 5 = charging continued after brief interruption

Error message (see 3.3) if failed.

4.4.7.41 *SignalStrength*

This command returns the current network signal strength.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x71	1	SignalStrength

Return

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
SignalBars	0x00 – 0x07	1	The current signal strength as in how many bars are displayed by the signal strength indicator.

Error message (see 3.3) if failed.

4.4.7.42 UpdateMediaGallery

This command updates the contents of the Media Gallery. This command should be used if media files are transferred to media folders. Media Gallery application does not detect and show the new files unless it is explicitly told to scan for new file(s).

It is not mandatory to give the path to the file (PathLength can be set to zero and omit FilePath). If path is not given Media Gallery will scan all new files. However, if path to the new file is known it might be faster to update just that file.

Syntax

Field	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Command	0x7A	1	UpdateMediaGallery
PathLength	0x00 – 0xFF	1	The length of the following file path in characters.
FilePath		0x00 – 0xFF	The full path to the file that was uploaded

Return

Byte 0x00 if successful. Error message (see 3.3) if failed

4.4.8 AUDIO CONTROL SERVICE

This service allows playing of audio tones and samples in the device.

The service supports the following commands:

Command/ Message Name	Command / Message Code
ListAudioFiles	0x01
PlayFile	0x02
PlayTone	0x03
PlayDTMF	0x04
Stop	0x05

GetDuration	0x06
GetMaxVolume	0x07
SetVolume	0x08

Unicode versions of the commands are currently not supported. This means that the service does not support filepaths and filenames that can not be encoded as 8-bit text.

The format for each command and response messages are defined in the following sub-chapters.

In case there is an error when executing the command a framework error message (see 3.3) is returned. In the error message the ServiceErrorCode contains an error code and the first byte of the ServiceErrorDescription is the CommandCode of the command that was processed when the error occurred. Following bytes of the ServiceErrorDescription may contain textual description of the error.

4.4.8.1 List Audio Files

Returns a list of audio files. If the command is given without any parameters it searches for audio files under the default sound directory location in ROM, phone memory and memory card. Also all subdirectories under that directory are searched. If the directory parameter is given then audio files are searched from that directory and its subdirectories.

The command returns files whose MIME type starts with audio/ and files whose MIME type is application/vnd.nokia.ringing-tone. The command can return also files whose format is not supported by the PlayFile command (e.g. playlist files and links to Real Audio streams).

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x01	1	ListAudioFiles
PathLength	NO		1	Length of the DirectoryPath parameter in characters
DirectoryPath	NO		variable	Absolute path to the directory to scan for audio files

Response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x01	1	ListAudioFiles
FileCount	YES		2	Amount of audio files found (16-bit unsigned little-endian integer)
PathLength	NO		1	Length of the following FullFilePath in

				characters
FullFilePath	NO		variable	Full path to the first found audio file encoded as 8-bit text
... PathLength and FullFilePath repeated as many times as indicated by the FileCount				

4.4.8.2 Play File

Starts playback of an audio file if the file format is supported. Supported formats are those supported by the device's Media Server and the Nokia rng ringtone format.

All parameters are mandatory. Setting the StartPosition and EndPosition both to zero will play the complete audio sample. Setting StartPosition and EndPosition is not supported when playing Nokia rng ringtone format file. In case the file is rng ringtone file the StartPosition and EndPosition parameters have no effect.

Response message is sent when the playback ends.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x02	1	PlayFile
PathLength	YES		1	Length of the FullFilePath parameter in characters
FullFilePath	YES		variable	Full path to the audio file encoded as 8-bit text.
Volume	YES		1	Playback volume as integer.
StartPosition	YES		4	The position from where to start the playback measured as microseconds from the beginning of the file. Encoded as unsigned little-endian 32bit integer.
EndPosition	YES		4	The position where to end the playback measured as microseconds from the beginning of the file. Encoded as unsigned little-endian 32bit integer. Value must be greater or equal than StartPosition. If value is set greater than the duration of the file the playback ends at the end of file.
NumberOfRepeats	YES		1	How many times to repeat the playback of the file. Defined as integer. Zero value means that playback is done once, one means played two times, etc.
SilenceBetweenRepeats	YES		4	The pause to keep between repeats defined as microseconds. Encoded as unsigned little-endian 32bit integer.
AudioSettings	YES	0x00 - 0x03	1	The settings to use when playing the file. Possible values are described in the audio settings table below.

Response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x02	1	PlayFile
OkResponse	YES	OK (8-bit string)	2	Response that the playback was completed successfully.

AudioSettings parameter can have the following values:

Setting	Value	Description
Default	0x00	Play with default settings
General Music	0x01	Play with settings for media players (such as RealOne Player)
Ring Tone Preview	0x02	Play with settings used when previewing ring tones.

If any other value is specified it will be translated to `Default`.

4.4.8.3 Play Tone

Plays a single sine tone with specified frequency and duration.

Response message is sent when the playback ends.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x03	1	PlayTone
Frequency	YES		2	Frequency to play in hertz defined as 16-bit unsigned little-endian integer.
Duration	YES		4	The duration of the tone in microseconds defined as 32-bit unsigned little-endian integer.
Volume	YES		1	Playback volume as integer.
NumberOfRepeats	YES		1	How many times to repeat the playback of the tone. Defined as integer. Zero value means that playback is done once, one means played two times, etc.
SilenceBetweenRepeats	YES		4	The pause to keep between repeats defined as microseconds. Encoded as unsigned little-endian 32bit integer.

Response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x03	1	PlayTone
OkResponse	YES	OK (8-bit)	2	Response that the playback was completed successfully.

		string)		
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4.4.8.4 Play DTMF

Plays DTMF (Dual-Tone-Multi-Frequency) sounds as specified by the given string.

Response message is sent when the playback ends.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x04	1	PlayDTMF
StringLength	YES		1	Length of the DTMFString parameter in characters.
DTMFString	YES		variable	DTMF string to be played. Encoded as 8-bit text.
ToneLength	YES		4	Duration of one DTMF tone in microseconds. Encoded as unsigned little-endian 32bit integer.
GapLength	YES		4	Gap between DTMF tones. Encoded as unsigned little-endian 32bit integer.
Volume	YES		1	Playback volume as integer.
NumberOfRepeats	YES		1	How many times to repeat the playback of the DTMF string. Defined as integer. Zero value means that playback is done once, one means played two times, etc.
SilenceBetweenRepeats	YES		4	The pause to keep between repeats defined as microseconds. Encoded as unsigned little-endian 32bit integer.

Response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x04	1	PlayDTMF
OkResponse	YES	OK (8-bit string)	2	Response that the playback was completed successfully.

4.4.8.5 Stop

Stops any currently playing file, tone or DTMF sequence.

When playback is stopped with the Stop command the OkResponse of the Play command is not sent. Only the OkResponse to the Stop command is sent.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x05	1	Stop

Response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x05	1	Stop
OkResponse	YES	OK (8-bit string)	2	Response that the playback was stopped.

4.4.8.6 Get Duration

Returns the duration of currently playing sound or the duration of the file specified as a parameter.

The command without parameters can be used only when a sound started with PlayFile command is playing. The command version with the file parameter can be used only when nothing is currently playing.

Getting the duration is not supported for ring ringtones, tones or DTMF strings.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x06	1	GetDuration
PathLength	NO		1	Length of the FullFilePath parameter in characters
FullFilePath	NO		variable	Full path to the audio file whose duration to query. Encoded as 8-bit text.

Response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x06	1	GetDuration
Duration	YES		4	Duration of the audio file in microseconds. Encoded as unsigned little-endian 32bit integer.

4.4.8.7 Get Max Volume

Returns the maximum volume value that can be set for the currently playing sound of the file specified as a parameter.

The command without parameters can be used only when a sound is playing. The command version with the file parameter can be used only when nothing is currently playing.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x07	1	GetMaxVolume
PathLength	NO		1	Length of the FullFilePath parameter in characters.
FullFilePath	NO		variable	Full path to the audio file whose maximum possible volume value to query. Encoded as 8-bit text.

Response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x07	1	GetMaxVol
MaxVolume	YES		1	The maximum volume value as integer.

4.4.8.8 Set Volume

Command to change the current playback volume, it is effective only during playback.

If the specified value is greater than the maximum possible volume value then the volume is set to the maximum value.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x08	1	SetVolume
Volume	YES		1	Volume value to set as integer.

Response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x08	1	SetVolume
Volume	YES		1	The volume value that was set as integer.

4.4.8.9 Error response format

In all error situations a framework error message (see 3.3) is returned instead of the normal responses that were defined in the above Sections.

ServiceErrorDescription field contents

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES		1	Value is the code of the command that was being processed when this error

				occurred.
ErrorDescription	NO	8-bit string	variable	Optional textual description of the error.

The other fields of the error message are described in table 2 of the chapter 3.3.

4.4.9 PIM SERVICE

The Personal Information Manager service enables importing contacts (vCards) and calendar events and to-do's (vCalendars) to phone.

The service supports the following commands:

Command/ Message Name	Command / Message Code
Import vCard	0x01
Import vCalendar	0x02
Delete contact entries	0x03
Delete calendar entries	0x04
Add notepad memo	0x05
Add notepad memo from file	0x06
Delete all notepad memos	0x07
SIM card information	0x10
Import SIM contact	0x11
Delete SIM contact	0x12
Create bookmark	0x1A
Delete bookmark	0x1B

The format for each command and response messages are defined in the following sub-chapters.

In case there is an error when executing the command a framework error message (see 3.3) is returned. In the error message the ServiceErrorCode contains a standard error code and the ServiceErrorDescription may contain textual description of the error.

4.4.9.1 Import vCard

This command imports one vCard, i.e. adds new contact entry to phone's contacts. If there is need to import multiple vCards, multiple service requests needs to be done.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x01	1	Import vCard
vCard	YES		variable	vCard in textual format

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF
Entry id	YES		4	Id of entry added to contacts. This is 32 bit signed integer.

4.4.9.2 Import vCalendar

This command imports one vCalendar, i.e. adds new event or to-do entry to phone's calendar. If there is need to import multiple vCalendars, multiple service requests are needed.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x02	1	Import vCalendar
vCard	YES		variable	vCalendar in textual format

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF
Entry id	YES		4	Id of entry added to calendar. This is 32 bit unsigned integer.

4.4.9.3 Delete contact entries

This command deletes one or all entries from the default contacts database. If the Entry id parameter is given, only that entry is deleted. If the Entry id parameter is omitted, all contact entries are deleted.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x03	1	Delete contact entry/entries
Entry id	NO		4	Id of the entry to be deleted from contacts. This is 32 bit signed integer.

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF

4.4.9.4 Delete calendar entries

This command deletes one or all entries from the default calendar (agenda) database. If the Entry id parameter is given, only that entry is deleted. If the Entryid parameter is omitted, all calendar entries are deleted.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x04	1	Delete calendar entry/entries
Entry id	NO		4	Id of the entry to be deleted from calendar. This is 32 bit unsigned integer.

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF

4.4.9.5 Add notepad memo

This command adds a memo to notepad.

Note that there are limits to the length of the message. Default value is about 10kb but this can be changed from HTI configuration files.

If large memos need to be inserted it is preferable to use the 'add notepad from file' command.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x05	1	Add notepad memo
Text	YES		variable	Contents of the memo as UTF-8 encoded string.

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0x05	1	Add notepad memo ok.

4.4.9.6 Add notepad memo from file

The command adds a memo to notepad from a file.

Note that there is a maximum size constraint to the files which can be added. More importantly if the file size is bigger than the allowed there will still be an ok response as the notepad API does not return an error to this.

Note that while the file path in the command uses UTF-8 encoding, the file contents should follow the UCS-2 encoding.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x06	1	Add notepad memo from file
File path	YES		variable	Path to a file in the device to add as a memo. UTF-8 encoded string.

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0x06	1	Add notepad memo from file ok.

4.4.9.7 Delete all notepad memos

This command will delete the whole notepad database file from the device thus removing all memos from notepad.

Notepad application needs to be closed for this command to succeed.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x07	1	Delete all notepad memos

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0x07	1	Delete notepad memos ok.

4.4.9.8 SIM card information

This command returns information about the currently inserted SIM card capabilities. This information can be used to find out what kind of contact fields are supported and valid for the import SIM contact command.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x10	1	Get SIM card information

Ok response

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Field	Mandatory	Value	Size (bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF
Max num of second names	YES	0x00 – 0xFF	1	The maximum amount of second name fields for one contact entry.
Max num of additional numbers	YES	0x00 – 0xFF	1	The maximum amount of additional number fields for one contact entry.
Max num of e-mails	YES	0x00 – 0xFF	1	The maximum amount of e-mail fields for one contact entry.
Max length of name	YES	0x00 – 0xFF	1	The maximum length of a name field.
Max length of number	YES	0x00 – 0xFF	1	The maximum length of a number field.
Max length of second name	YES	0x00 – 0xFF	1	The maximum length of a second name field.
Max length of additional number	YES	0x00 – 0xFF	1	The maximum length of an additional number field.
Max length of e-mail	YES	0x00 – 0xFF	1	The maximum length of an e-mail field.
Total slots	YES	0x0000 – 0xFFFF	2	The total amount of slots for contact entries in the SIM card (max number of contact entries). Defined as 16-bit little-endian integer.
Used slots	YES	0x0000 – 0xFFFF	2	The amount of currently used contact entry slots. Defined as 16-bit little-endian integer.

4.4.9.9 Import SIM contact

This command imports one contact entry to the SIM contacts directory. If there is need to import multiple contacts, multiple service requests needs to be done.

The supported field types, amount of fields and the maximum lengths of field data for different fields depend on the SIM card capabilities. There can always be one name field and one phone number field. Other capabilities can be queried by using the SIM card information command.

The “Type of field” parameter can have the following values:

Field type	Value
Name field	0x01
Second name field	0x02
Phone number field	0x03
E-mail field	0x04
Additional number field	0x05

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x11	1	Add entry to SIM card contacts.
Amount of fields	YES	0x00 – 0xFF	1	The amount of contact fields included in this entry.
Type of field	YES	0x01 – 0x05	1	The field type of the first field.
Field data length	YES	0x00 – 0xFF	1	The length of the following data field.
Field data	YES		1 – 255	The actual character data for this field.
...				
Repeating the Type of field, Field data length and Field data parameters <Amount of fields> times.				

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF
Entry ID	YES		4	ID of entry added to SIM contacts. Defined as a 32 bit little-endian integer. This ID can be used to delete the entry.

4.4.9.10 Delete SIM contact

This command deletes one or all entries from the SIM contacts directory. If the Entry id parameter is given, only that entry is deleted. If the Entryid parameter is omitted, all contact entries are deleted.

Note that if an error occurs during the delete all operation, an error message is sent but deleting some of the entries may still have succeeded.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x12	1	Delete SIM contact entry/entries
Entry iD	NO		4	ID of the entry to be deleted from SIM contacts. Defined as 32-bit little-endian integer.

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF

4.4.9.11 Create bookmark

This command creates a browser bookmark and also creates a bookmark folder if the folder name is given and it doesn't exist.

If a bookmark with same name already exists in the folder an error message with ServiceErrorCode -11 (KErrAlreadyExists) is returned.

If Access Point name is given the access point must be found from the device, otherwise an error message with ServiceErrorCode -1 (KErrNotFound) is returned.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x1A	1	Create bookmark command.
Folder name length	YES	0x00 – 0x32	1	The length of the following folder name field.
Folder name	NO		0x00 – 0x32	The name of the bookmark folder where the bookmark will be created. If the folder does not exist it will be created. If folder name is not given, bookmark is created to the root folder.
Bookmark name length	YES	0x01 – 0x32	1	The length of the following bookmark name field.
Bookmark name	YES		0x01 – 0x32	The name of the bookmark to create.
URL length	YES	0x0001-0x0400	2	The length of the following URL field.
URL	YES		0x0001 – 0x0400	The bookmark URL.
Access Point name length	YES	0x00 – 0x1E	1	The length of the following access point name field.
Access Point name	NO		0x00 – 0x1E	The name of the access point of the bookmark. If not given, uses default.
User name length	YES	0x00 – 0x28	1	The length of the following user name field.
User name	NO		0x00 – 0x28	The user name for the bookmark.
Password length	YES	0x00 – 0x28	1	The length of the following password field.
Password	NO		0x00 –	The password for the bookmark.

			0x28	
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Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF
Count of created items	YES	0x01, 0x02	1	How many items were created. 1 if only bookmark was created, 2 if also folder was created.

4.4.9.12 Delete bookmark

This command deletes a single browser bookmark or a bookmark folder (including all the bookmarks the folder contains).

If both the folder name and bookmark name are omitted, the command deletes all bookmark items and folders from the root (excluding the read only items).

If only folder name is specified the folder and all the bookmarks the folder contains will be deleted.

If only bookmark name is specified the bookmark is searched and deleted from the root folder.

If both folder and bookmark is specified the bookmark is searched and deleted from the named folder.

The second byte in the Ok response will always indicate the amount of items deleted.

Note that when deleting all items the delete count can also be zero if there were no items to delete. So this is not considered to be an error situation.

If non existing folder or bookmark name is specified the command will return an error message with ServiceErrorCode -1 (KErrNotFound).

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x1B	1	Delete bookmark command.
Folder name length	YES	0x00 – 0x32	1	The length of the following folder name field.
Folder name	NO		0x00 – 0x32	The name of the bookmark folder to delete or the folder where the bookmark to be deleted is.
Bookmark name length	YES	0x01 – 0x32	1	The length of the following bookmark name field.
Bookmark name	NO		0x01 – 0x32	The name of the bookmark to delete.

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF
Count of deleted items	YES		1	How many items were deleted. Both a folder and a bookmark counts as one item.

4.4.10 MESSAGES SERVICE

Messages service enables the managing of the messages on the device.

The service supports the following commands:

Command/ Message Name	Command / Message Code
Add SMS	0x01
Add MMS	0x02
Add E-Mail	0x03
Add IR Message	0x04
Add BT Message	0x05
Add Smart Message	0x06
Add Audio Message	0x07
Delete message	0x10
Delete folder content	0x11
Create Mailbox	0x20
Delete Mailbox	0x21
Create Access Point	0x30
Delete Access Point	0x31
Create Destination	0x32
Delete Destination	0x33
Add to Destination	0x34
Remove from Destination	0x35
Set default connection	0x36
Set Default SMS Center	0x40
Delete SMS Center	0x41
Set SMS Settings	0x42

Set MMS Settings	0x45
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The format for each command and response messages are defined in the following sub-chapters.

In case there is an error when executing the commands a framework error message (see 3.3) is returned.

4.4.10.1 Add SMS

This command creates a new SMS message to the given folder. The response contains a unique id for the created message that can be used later in deleting the message.

Note: If SMS is created to the outbox folder, HTI tries to send it immediately. For this the SMS Centre number must have been defined.

Service message consists of the following fields.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(byte s)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x01	1	Add SMS message.
From/To field length	YES	>= 0	1	Length of the following SMS message From/To field data.
From/To field value	NO		variable	SMS message From/To field data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Description field length	YES	>= 0	1	Length of the following SMS message description data.
Description field value	NO		variable	SMS message description data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Message body length	YES	>= 0	2	Length of the following SMS message body data.
Message body value	NO		variable	SMS message body data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Is new flag	YES	0 or 1	1	Flag indicating if the SMS message will be set new.
Is unread flag	YES	0 or 1	1	Flag indicating if the SMS message will be marked as unread.
Folder	YES	0x01, 0x02, 0x03 or 0x04	1	The destination folder for the new SMS message is specified according to the following enumeration: 0x01 = inbox, 0x02 = drafts, 0x03 = sent, 0x04 = outbox.

Ok response

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Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF
Message id	YES		4	Id of the created SMS message as 32-bit unsigned little-endian integer.

4.4.10.2 Add MMS

This command creates a new MMS message to the given folder. The response contains a unique id for the created message that can be used later in deleting the message.

Note: If MMS message is created to the outbox folder, HTI tries to send it immediately. For this the MMS settings must have been defined.

Service message consists of the following fields.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x02	1	Add MMS message.
From/To field length	YES	>= 0	1	Length of the following MMS message From/To field data.
From/To field value	NO		variable	MMS message From/To field data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Description field length	YES	>= 0	1	Length of the following MMS message description data.
Description field value	NO		variable	MMS message description data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Message body length	YES	>= 0	2	Length of the following MMS message body data.
Message body value	NO		variable	MMS message body data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Attachment path length	YES	>=0	1	Length of the following MMS message attachment path data.
Attachment path value	NO		variable	MMS message attachment path data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Is new flag	YES	0 or 1	1	Flag indicating if the MMS message will be set new.
Is unread flag	YES	0 or 1	1	Flag indicating if the MMS message will be marked as unread.
Folder	YES	0x01, 0x02, 0x03 or 0x04	1	The destination folder for the new MMS message is specified according to the following enumeration: 0x01 = inbox, 0x02 = drafts, 0x03 = sent, 0x04 = outbox.

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF
Message id	YES		4	Id of the created MMS message as 32-bit unsigned little-endian integer.

4.4.10.3 Add E-Mail

This command creates a new E-Mail to the given folder. The response contains a unique id for the created E-Mail that can be used later in deleting the E-Mail. E-Mails created to Outbox folder are not sent automatically. They will be sent on next connection to the mailbox, or by selecting “Start” from Options menu in Outbox.

Note: If E-Mail is created to the outbox folder, HTI marks it to be sent immediately on next connection.

Note: The mailbox must exist before using this command.

Service message consists of the following fields.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x03	1	Add E-Mail.
From/To field length	YES	>= 0	1	Length of the following E-Mail From/To field data.
From/To field value	NO		variable	E-Mail From/To field data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Description field length	YES	>= 0	1	Length of the following E-Mail description data.
Description field value	NO		variable	E-Mail description data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Message body length	YES	>= 0	2	Length of the following E-Mail body data.
Message body value	NO		variable	E-Mail body data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Attachment path length	YES	>=0	1	Length of the following E-Mail attachment path data.
Attachment path value	NO		variable	E-Mail attachment path data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Is new flag	YES	0 or 1	1	Flag indicating if the E-Mail will be set new.
Is unread flag	YES	0 or 1	1	Flag indicating if the E-Mail will be marked as unread.
Folder	YES	0x01, 0x02, 0x03 or	1	The destination folder for the new E-Mail is specified according to the following enumeration:

		0x04		0x01 = inbox, 0x02 = drafts, 0x03 = sent, 0x04 = outbox.
--	--	------	--	---

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF
Message id	YES		4	Id of the created E-Mail as 32-bit unsigned little-endian integer.

4.4.10.4 Add IR Message

This command creates a new IR message to the given folder. The response contains a unique id for the created message that can be used later in deleting the message.

Note: Outbox folder is not supported for IR messages.

Service message consists of the following fields.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x04	1	Add IR message.
From/To field length	YES	>= 0	1	Length of the following IR message From/To field data.
From/To field value	NO		variable	IR message From/To field data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Description field length	YES	>= 0	1	Length of the following IR message description data.
Description field value	NO		variable	IR message description data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Attachment path length	YES	>=0	1	Length of the following IR message attachment path data.
Attachment path value	NO		variable	IR message attachment path data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Is new flag	YES	0 or 1	1	Flag indicating if the IR message will be set new.
Is unread flag	YES	0 or 1	1	Flag indicating if the IR message will be marked as unread.
Folder	YES	0x01, 0x02, 0x03 or 0x04	1	The destination folder for the new IR message is specified according to the following enumeration: 0x01 = inbox, 0x02 = drafts, 0x03 = sent, 0x04 = outbox.

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF
Message id	YES		4	Id of the created IR message as 32-bit unsigned little-endian integer.

4.4.10.5 Add BT Message

This command creates a new BT message to the given folder. The response contains a unique id for the created message that can be used later in deleting the message.

Note: Outbox folder is not supported for BT messages.

Service message consists of the following fields.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x05	1	Add BT message.
From/To field length	YES	>= 0	1	Length of the following BT message From/To field data.
From/To field value	NO		variable	BT message From/To field data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Description field length	YES	>= 0	1	Length of the following BT message description data.
Description field value	NO		variable	BT message description data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Attachment path length	YES	>=0	1	Length of the following BT message attachment path data.
Attachment path value	NO		variable	BT message attachment path data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Is new flag	YES	0 or 1	1	Flag indicating if the BT message will be set new.
Is unread flag	YES	0 or 1	1	Flag indicating if the BT message will be marked as unread.
Folder	YES	0x01, 0x02, 0x03 or 0x04	1	The destination folder for the new BT message is specified according to the following enumeration: 0x01 = inbox, 0x02 = drafts, 0x03 = sent, 0x04 = outbox.

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF
Message id	YES		4	Id of the created BT message as 32-bit unsigned little-endian integer.

4.4.10.6 Add Smart Message

This command creates a new smart message to inbox folder. No other folders are allowed with this command. The response contains a unique id for the created message that can be used later in deleting the message.

Service message consists of the following fields.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(byte s)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x06	1	Add smart message.
From/To field length	YES	>= 0	1	Length of the following smart message From/To field data.
From/To field value	NO		variable	Smart message From/To field data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Description field length	YES	>= 0	1	Length of the following smart message description data.
Description field value	NO		variable	Smart message description data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Message body length	YES	>= 0	2	Length of the following smart message body data.
Message body value	NO		variable	Smart message body data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Is new flag	YES	0 or 1	1	Flag indicating if the smart message will be set new.
Is unread flag	YES	0 or 1	1	Flag indicating if the smart message will be marked as unread.
Folder	YES	0x01, 0x02, 0x03 or 0x04	1	The destination folder for the new SMS message is specified according to the following enumeration: 0x01 = inbox, 0x02 = drafts, 0x03 = sent, 0x04 = outbox.
BIO message type UID	YES		4	The UID defining the type of the created BIO message as 32-bit unsigned little-endian integer according to the following enumeration: 0x1000552F = Internet AP Settings, 0x10005530 = E-Mail Notification, 0x10005531 = Business Card, 0x10005532 = WAP AP Settings, 0x10005533 = VCalendar Entry,

				0x10005534 = VCard Entry, 0x10005535 = Ringing Tone, 0x10005536 = Operator Logo, 0x1000125D = WAP Provisioning, 0x10005269 = CLI Logo.
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Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF
Message id	YES		4	Id of the created smart message as 32-bit unsigned little-endian integer.

4.4.10.7 Add Audio Message

This command creates a new audio message (a special type of MMS) to the given folder. The response contains a unique id for the created message that can be used later in deleting the message.

Compared to the normal MMS message, the audio message does not have any body text element and the attachment (the AMR audio file) is mandatory.

Note: If audio message is created to the outbox folder, HTI tries to send it immediately. For this the MMS settings must have been defined.

Service message consists of the following fields.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x07	1	Add Audio message.
From/To field length	YES	>= 0	1	Length of the following audio message From/To field data.
From/To field value	NO		variable	Audio message From/To field data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Description field length	YES	>= 0	1	Length of the following audio message description data.
Description field value	NO		variable	Audio message description data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Attachment path length	YES	>=4	1	Length of the following audio message attachment path data.
Attachment path value	YES		variable	Audio message attachment path data value. Value is utf-8 formatted string.
Is new flag	YES	0 or 1	1	Flag indicating if the audio message will be set new.
Is unread flag	YES	0 or 1	1	Flag indicating if the audio message

				will be marked as unread.
Folder	YES	0x01, 0x02, 0x03 or 0x04	1	The destination folder for the new audio message is specified according to the following enumeration: 0x01 = inbox, 0x02 = drafts, 0x03 = sent, 0x04 = outbox.

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF
Message id	YES		4	Id of the created audio message as 32-bit unsigned little-endian integer.

4.4.10.8 Delete Message

This command deletes a single message according to the given message id.

Service message consists of the following fields.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x10	1	Delete message
Message id	YES		4	The id identifying the message to be deleted defined as 32-bit unsigned little-endian integer.

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF

4.4.10.9 Delete Folder Content

This command deletes all messages of specified type from the specified folder.

Service message consists of the following fields.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x11	1	Delete folder content

Folder	YES	0x00, 0x01, 0x02, 0x03 or 0x04	1	The folder whose content is to be deleted is specified according to the following enumeration: 0x00 = all, 0x01 = inbox, 0x02 = drafts, 0x03 = sent, 0x04 = outbox.
Message type	YES	0x00, 0x01, 0x02, 0x03, 0x04, 0x05, 0x06 or 0x07	1	The type of messages to be deleted is specified according to the following enumeration: 0x00 = all, 0x01 = SMS, 0x02 = MMS, 0x03 = Smart Message, 0x04 = E-Mail, 0x05 = IR Message, 0x06 = BT Message, 0x07 = Audio Message

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF

4.4.10.10 Create Access Point

This command creates an internet access point.

The following table lists the codes for different bearer types. Note that the supported bearer types depend on the platform and device.

Bearer type	Value
Data call (CSD)	0x01
Packet data (GPRS)	0x02
Data call (HSCSD)	0x04
Packet data (CDMA)	0x10
Wireless LAN	0x20

The following table lists the field type codes for different access point setting fields. The field type code values are based on the TApMember enum defined in ApAccessPointItem.h header file.

Different fields are used with different bearer types. The possible fields for each bearer type can best be seen from the device's access point creation UI. Note that normally you can leave most of the fields to their default value, so you don't need to include them in the create command.

Field type	Enum (TApMember)	Field	Possible values
------------	------------------	-------	-----------------

		type code	
Access point name	EApGprsAccessPointName	58	
User name	EApIspLoginName	23	
Prompt password	EApIspIpfPromptForAuth	29	0 = no, 1 = yes
Password	EApIspLoginPass	24	
Password authentication	EApIspDisablePlainTextAuth	46	0 = normal, 1 = secure
Starting page	EApWapStartPage	3	
Phone IP address	EApIspIPAddr	38	
Primary Name Server	EApIspIPNameServer1	42	
Secondary Name Server	EApIspIPNameServer2	43	
Proxy server address	EApProxyServerAddress	91	
Port number	EApProxyPortNumber	93	
WLAN Network name	EApWlanNetworkName	163	
WLAN network mode	EApWlanNetworkMode	164	0 = AdHoc 1 = Infrastructure
WLAN security mode	EApWlanSecurityMode	165	1 = Open network 2 = WEP 4 = 802.1x 8 = WPA 16 = WPA2
Primary Name Server	EApIP6NameServer1	104	
Secondary Name Server	EApIP6NameServer2	105	
Proxy server address	EApProxyServerAddress	91	
Port number	EApProxyPortNumber	93	
Access number	EApIspDefaultTelNumber	18	
Data call type	EApIspBearerCallTypeIpsdn	50	0 = Analogue 1 = ISDN v.110 2 = ISDN v.120
Max connection speed	EApIspBearerSpeed	49	0 = Auto detect 1 = 9600, 2 = 14400, 3 = 19200, 4 = 28800, 5 = 38400, 6 = 43200, 7 = 56000
Use call back	EApIspIpfCallbackEnabled	33	0 = no, 1 = yes
Call back type	EApIspIpfCallbackType	34	See Enum TCallbackAction from nifvar.h header file.
Call back number	EApIspIpfCallbackInfo,	35	
Enable PPP compression	EApIspEnableIpfHeaderComp	44	0 = no, 1 = yes
Use login script	EApIspUseLoginScript	20	0 = no, 1 = yes
Login script	EApIspLoginScript	21	
Modem init string	EApIspIpnitString	52	

Network type	EApGprsPdpType	59	0 = IPv4, 1 = IPv6
Use access point	Field does not exist in TApMember	200	1 = After confirmation, 2 = Automatically

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x30	1	Create access point command.
Bearer type	YES		1	Type of bearer for this access point.
Name field length	YES	> 0	1	Length of the following name data.
Name field value	YES			The name of the access point to create.
Amount of fields	YES		1	The amount of setting fields in this command.
Field type code	YES		1	The field type code of the first field.
Field data length	YES	> 0	1	The length of the following data field.
Field data	YES		1 – 255	The actual data for this field as 8-bit text. Also numerical values must be as text.
...				
Repeating the Field type, Field data length and Field data parameters <Amount of fields> times.				

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF
AP id	YES		4	Id of the created access point as 32-bit unsigned little-endian integer.

4.4.10.11 Delete Access Point

This command deletes an internet access point based on access point name. If the access point being deleted is in use, the connections using the access point will be closed and then the access point is deleted.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x31	1	Delete access point command.
Name field length	YES	>= 0	1	Length of the following name data.
Name field value	YES			The name of the access point to

				delete.
--	--	--	--	---------

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF

4.4.10.12 Create Destination

This command creates a new Destination in connection settings.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x32	1	Create destination command.
Name field length	YES	>= 0	1	Length of the following name data.
Destination name	YES			The name of the Destination to create.

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF

4.4.10.13 Delete Destination

This command deletes a Destination in connection settings

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x33	1	Delete destination command.
Name field length	YES	>= 0	1	Length of the following name data.
Destination name	YES			The name of the Destination to delete.

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF

4.4.10.14 Add to Destination

This command adds (moves) the named internet access point (connection method) to a named Destination.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x34	1	Add to Destination command.
Name field length	YES	>= 0	1	Length of the following name data.
Access Point name	YES			The name of the Access Point to add.
Name field length	YES	>=0	1	Length of the following name data.
Destination name	YES			The name of the Destination where to add the Access Point.

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF

4.4.10.15 Remove from Destination

This command removes the named internet access point (connection method) from a named Destination to Uncategorized.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x35	1	Remove from Destination command.
Name field length	YES	>= 0	1	Length of the following name data.
Access Point name	YES			The name of the Access Point to remove.
Name field length	YES	>=0	1	Length of the following name data.
Destination name	YES			The name of the Destination from where to remove the Access Point.

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF

4.4.10.16 Set default connection

This command sets the default connection setting. Currently the setting can be “Always ask”, “Ask once” or a specified Destination or Access Point (Connection Method) can be set as default.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x36	1	Set default connection command.
Default connection setting	YES	0x00 – 0x03	1	0 = Always ask, 1 = Ask once, 2 = Named Destination, 3 = Named Access Point
Name field length	YES		1	Length of the following name data. If the above setting is 0 or 1 then this should be zero and the following name field omitted.
Access Point / Destination name	NO			The name of the Destination or Access Point to set as default connection. If the above Default connection setting is 2 then this must be a Destination name, if it's 3 then an Access Point name.

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF

4.4.10.17 Create Mailbox

This command creates a new remote mailbox configuration.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x20	1	Create mailbox command.
Mailbox type	YES	0x00, 0x01	1	The type of mailbox to create: 0 = POP3 account 1 = IMAP4 account.
Mailbox name length	YES	0x01 – 0x1E	1	The length of the following name field.
Mailbox name	YES		1 – 30	The name of the mailbox to create. Must be unique, another mailbox with same name must not exist.
Incoming mail server name length	YES	0x03 – 0x32	1	The length of the following name field.
Incoming mail server name	YES		3 – 50	The domain name of the incoming mail server.
Incoming access point	YES	0x00 –	1	The length of the following name

name length		0xFF		field.
Incoming access point name	NO		0 – 255	The name of the access point to use when connecting to incoming mail server. If this is omitted, the AP setting will be “Always ask”.
Incoming user name length	YES	0x00 – 0x32	1	The length of the following name field.
Incoming user name	NO		1 – 50	The user name for login to incoming mail server.
Incoming password length	YES	0x00 – 0x32	1	The length of the following password field.
Incoming password	NO		1 – 50	The password for login to incoming mail server.
Incoming security	YES	0x00 – 0x02	1	The security setting for incoming mail server: 0 = Off, 1 = TLS, 2 = SSL
Incoming port	YES	0x0000 – 0x03E7	2	The port number for incoming mail server (0 = use default)
A POP secure login	YES	0x00 – 0x01	1	Use secure login for POP account. 0 = no, 1 = yes. Ignored if creating IMAP account.
Outgoing mail server name length	YES	0x03 – 0x32	1	The length of the following name field.
Outgoing mail server name	YES		3 – 50	The domain name of the outgoing mail server.
Outgoing access point name length	YES	0x00 – 0xFF	1	The length of the following name field.
Outgoing access point name	NO		0 – 255	The name of the access point to use when connecting to outgoing mail server. If this is omitted, the AP setting will be “Always ask”.
Outgoing user name length	YES	0x00 – 0x32	1	The length of the following name field.
Outgoing user name	NO		1 – 50	The user name for login to outgoing mail server.
Outgoing password length	YES	0x00 – 0x32	1	The length of the following password field.
Outgoing password	NO		1 – 50	The password for login to outgoing mail server.
Outgoing security	YES	0x00 – 0x02	1	The security setting for outgoing mail server: 0 = Off, 1 = TLS, 2 = SSL
Outgoing port	YES	0x0000 – 0x03E7	2	The port number for outgoing mail server (0 = use default)
Own mail address length	YES	0x01 – 0x64	1	The length of the following mail address field.
Own mail address	YES		1 – 100	Own mail address.

Own name length	YES	0x00 – 0x64	1	The length of the following name field.
Own name	NO		0 – 100	Name to be shown as the sender of outgoing messages.
Send message option	YES	0x00 – 0x02	1	When to send outgoing messages: 0 = immediately, 1 = on next connection, 2 = on request
Copy to own address	YES	0x00 – 0x03	1	Whether to send a copy of outgoing messages to own address: 0 = no copy, 1 = in to field, 2 = in cc field, 3 = in bcc field
Sinature text length	YES	0x0000 – 0x01F4	2	The length of the following signature text field.
Signature text	NO		0 – 500	If defined the signature text will be added to outgoing messages.
New mail indicators	YES	0x00 – 0x01	1	Show new mail indicators: 0 = no, 1 = yes
Retrieved parts	YES	0x00 – 0x02	1	Which parts of incoming messages to retrieve: 0 = only headers, 1 = less than defined size, 2 = body and attachments. Ignored if creating IMAP account.
Retrieve size limit	YES	0x0000 – 0x03E7	2	The maximum size of incoming messages to retrieve (kilo bytes). Ignored if Retrieved parts option is not 1.
Emails to retrieve	YES	0x0000 – 0x03E7	2	Maximum number of incoming messages to retrieve.
IMAP4 folder path length	YES	0x00 – 0x64	1	The length of the following path field.
IMAP4 folder path	NO		0 – 100	The IMAP folder path. Ignored if creating POP account.
Automatic update	YES	0x00 – 0x02	1	Automatic update setting: 0 = always on, 1 = only in home network, 2 = not enabled
Set as default	YES	0x00 – 0x01	1	Set this account as default for outgoing messages.

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF

4.4.10.18 Delete Mailbox

This command deletes a remote mailbox configuration based on the mailbox name.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x21	1	Delete mailbox command.
Name field length	YES	>= 0	1	Length of the following name data.
Name field value	YES			The name of the mailbox to delete.

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF

4.4.10.19 Set Default SMS Centre

This command sets the default SMS centre using the following logic:

- If there already is a SMS centre with the same name and number, it is set to default SMS centre
- If there already is a SMS centre with the same name and different number, an error is returned (no changes to existing SMS centres are made)
- If no SMS centre with the given name is found, a new SMS centre is created and it is set to default SMS centre

Note: SMS Settings view should be closed when this command is executed. If it is open this command may not have any effect even if it returns an OK response.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x40	1	Set default SMS Center command.
SMS center name field length	YES	>= 0	1	Length of the following SMS center name data.
SMS center name field value	YES			The name of the SMS center.
SMS center number field length	YES	>=0	1	Length of the following SMS center number data.
SMS center number field value	YES			The number of the SMS center.

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
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Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF
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4.4.10.20 Delete SMS Centre

This command deletes the SMS centre with a given name. If no SMS centre with the given name is found, an error is returned.

Note: SMS Settings view should be closed when this command is executed. If it is open this command may not have any effect even if it returns an OK response.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x41	1	Delete SMS Center command.
SMS center name field length	YES	>= 0	1	Length of the following SMS center name data.
SMS center name field value	YES			The name of the SMS center.

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF

4.4.10.21 Set SMS Settings

This command sets the values for SMS settings.

Note: SMS Settings view should be closed when this command is executed. If it is open this command may not have any effect even if it returns an OK response.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x42	1	Set SMS Settings command.
Character support	YES	0x00 – 0x01	1	0 = Full, 1 = Reduced
Delivery report	YES	0x00 – 0x01	1	0 = No, 1 = Yes
Validity period	YES	0x00 – 0x05	1	0 = Maximum, 1 = 1 hour, 2 = 6 hours, 3 = 24 hours, 4 = 3 days,

				5 = 1 week
Message conversion	YES	0x00 – 0x03	1	0 = None, 1 = Fax, 2 = Paging, 3 = Email
Preferred connection	YES	0x00 – 0x01	1	0 = GSM, 1 = Packet data
Reply via same center	YES	0x00 – 0x01	1	0 = No, 1 = Yes

Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF

4.4.10.22 Set MMS Settings

This command sets the values for MMS service settings.

Note: The messages application should be closed when this command is executed. If it is open then this settings change command may not have any effect even if it returns an OK response.

Syntax

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
CommandCode	YES	0x45	1	Set MMS settings command.
Access point name field length	YES	0x01 – 0x1E	1	Length of the following access point name data.
Access point name field value	YES		1 - 30	The name of the access point to be used for MMS sending and receiving.
MMS creation mode	YES	0x00 – 0x02	1	0 = restricted, 1 = guided, 2 = free
Image size	YES	0x00 – 0x02	1	0 = small, 1 = large, 2 = original Original is not allowed if MMS creation mode is set to restricted.
MMS reception	YES	0x00 – 0x03	1	0 = always automatic, 1 = automatic in home network, 2 = always manual, 3 = disabled
Receive anonymous messages	YES	0x00 – 0x01	1	0 = no, 1 = yes
Receive advertisements	YES	0x00 – 0x01	1	0 = no, 1 = yes
Request delivery reports	YES	0x00 – 0x01	1	0 = no, 1 = yes
Send delivery reports	YES	0x00 – 0x01	1	0 = no, 1 = yes



Validity period	YES	0x00 – 0x05	1	0 = maximum, 1 = 1 hour, 2 = 6 hours, 3 = 24 hours, 4 = 3 days, 5 = 1 week
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Ok response

Field	Mandatory	Value	Size(bytes)	Description
Ok status	YES	0xFF	1	EResultOk = 0xFF

5 FUTURE WORK

This chapter captures all those items to be captured in follow-up work including further work to be done by other standards organisations as applicable.

- Navigation Aid
- Enhanced HTI command-set

6 DEFINITION OF TERMS

TERM	DESCRIPTION
FUNCTION	Term used within context of test service. Each test service may have several functionalities. For example, test service named "HTI" has conceptually many system functions like authentication and device boot.
HARD RESET	Resetting the Terminal to the state it would be in during normal use following the removal of power (disconnection of battery or external supply), the reconnection of power and pressing the on button (long press if necessary).
LOCAL ACCESS	Test access to the Terminal over a short distance without using long-range transportation means, e.g. GSM, WLAN.
MASTER RESET	Resetting the Terminal to a factory default state. All additionally installed content (e.g. applications, images) are erased and connection profiles are set to factory default.
SOFT RESET	Resetting the Terminal to the state it would be in normal use following the pressing of an "off" button and then pressing the "on" button.
TERMINAL	Used as an alternative term for a cellular telephone, device, mobile phone, phone or handset.
TEST CONTROL	The test control is a (wired) connection to a local PC which controls the device via AT commands or HTI.
WIRED LINK	A connection between the Terminal and another device (e.g. PC) using a cable.
PRE-INSTALLED	As Pre-Installed application are considered applications which are natively part of the OS or directly deployed after the first boot of the Terminal (including first boot up after a Master Reset).

7 ABBREVIATIONS

ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
AEE	Application Execution Environment
AMR	Adaptive Multi Rate
API	Application Programming Interface
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Exchange
ASF	Application Security Framework
AT	Attention
BMP	Basic Multilingual Plane
BT	Bluetooth
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check
DLL	Dynamic Linked Library
DTMF	Dual Tone Multi-Frequency
ESN	Equipment Serial Number
FTP	File Transfer Protocol
GCF	Global Certification Forum
GSM	Global System for Mobile communications
HTI	Harmonised Test Interface
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identifier
Ir	Infra-Red
LIBCAP	Library of Capabilities
MIDP	Mobile Information Device Profile
MIME	Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions

ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
MMS	Multimedia Message Service
MTR	Global System for Mobile
MTT	Mobile Terminal Testing
OMSI	Open Mobile Service Interface
PIM	Personal Information Manager
RSSI	Received Strength Signal Indicator
SMS	Short Message Service
TE	Terminal Equipment (equal to DCE – Data Circuit terminating Equipment), e.g. GSM data card – [3] Chapter 3.2
TA	Terminal Adaptor (equal to DTE – Data Terminal Equipment), e.g. a computer – [3] Chapter 3.2
UCS-2	2 – byte Universal Character Code
UI	User Interface
UID	Unique Identifier
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System
USB	Universal Serial Bus
UTF-8	8-bit UCS/Unicode Transfer Format
WLAN	Wireless Local Area Network
XML	EXtensible Markup Language

8 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS

No.	DOCUMENT	AUTHOR	DATE
1	RFC 2119 - Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels	IETF	
2	OMTP Application Security Framework, v2.2	OMTP	2008-06
3	3GPP TS27.007 V8.6. AT Command set for User Equipment (UE), Release 8	3GPP	2008-06
4	3GPP TS27.005 V8.0.0 Use of Data Terminal Equipment – Data Circuit terminating Equipment (DTE – DCE) interface for Short Message Service (SMS) and Cell Broadcast Service (CBS) Release 8	3GPP	2008-03
5	ITU-T V.250 Series V: Data communication over the telephone network Serial asynchronous automatic dialling and control	ITU-T	2003-07

9 APPENDICES

9.1 NEW AT COMMANDS REQUIREMENTS

9.1.1 RESET CONTROL – CRST

COMMAND	POSSIBLE RESPONSE(S)
+CRST={<u>soft</u>, <u>hard</u>}	+CME ERROR: <err>
+CRST=?	+CRST=list of supported reset types

Description:

This command requests the Terminal to reset itself. The command supports two modes of reset: soft reset and hard reset.

Hard reset: A hard reset erases all information in memory.

Soft reset: Soft reset initialises various Terminal functions but does not reset the memory.

Implementations might support only hard reset type.

9.1.2 BATTERY CHARGE – CBC

COMMAND	POSSIBLE RESPONSE(S)
+CBC	+CBC: <bc>, <bcl> +CME ERROR: <err>
+CBC=?	+CBC: (list of supported <bc>s), (list of supported <bcl>s)
+CBC=<bc>	+CME Error: <err>

Description:

The addition to this existing command is the ability to control the charging of the MT. Available bcs values are:

0 – Terminal is only powered by the battery (charging disabled)

1 – Terminal is powered by battery and charger (charging enabled)

The rest of the bcs values (2,3) are not relevant to the charging control.

9.1.3 WCDMA SIGNAL QUALITY +CWCDMASQ

COMMAND	POSSIBLE RESPONSE(S)
+CWCDMASQ	+CWCDMASQ: <rssi>,<rscp>,<ecio> +CME ERROR: <err>
+CWCDMASQ =?	+CWCDMASQ: (list of supported <rssi>s),(list of supported <rscp>s),(list of supported <ecio>s)

Description

Execution command returns UTRA Carrier RSSI <rssi>, CPICH received signal code power <rscp> and CPICH Eclo <ecio> from the Terminal.

Defined values

<rssi>:

Returns integer value as per 3GPP 23.133 Section 9.1.3.3

For the purpose of this command some additional values are added (in red below) for completeness.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_00	UTRA carrier RSSI < -100	dBm
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_01	-100 ≤ UTRA carrier RSSI < -99	dBm
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_02	-99 ≤ UTRA carrier RSSI < -98	dBm
...
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_74	-27 ≤ UTRA carrier RSSI < -26	dBm
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_75	-26 ≤ UTRA carrier RSSI < -25	dBm
UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_76	-25 ≤ UTRA carrier RSSI	dBm
...
77 to 98	undefined	n/a
...
99	not known or not detectable	n/a

<rscp>:

Returns integer value as per 3GPP 23.133 Section 9.1.1.3

For the purpose of this command some additional values are added (in red below) for completeness.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
-05	CPICH RSCP < -120	dBm
-04	$-120 \leq \text{CPICH RSCP} < -119$	dBm
-03	$-119 \leq \text{CPICH RSCP} < -118$	dBm
...
89	$-27 \leq \text{CPICH RSCP} < -26$	dBm
90	$-26 \leq \text{CPICH RSCP} < -25$	dBm
91	$-25 \leq \text{CPICH RSCP}$	dBm
...
92 to 98	undefined	n/a
...
99	not known or not detectable	n/a

<EcIo>:

Returns integer value as per 3GPP 23.133 Section 9.1.2.3

For the purpose of this command some additional values are added (in red below) for completeness.

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
00	CPICH Ec/Io < -24	dB
01	$-24 \leq \text{CPICH Ec/Io} < -23.5$	dB
02	$-23.5 \leq \text{CPICH Ec/Io} < -23$	dB
...
47	$-1 \leq \text{CPICH Ec/Io} < -0.5$	dB
48	$-0.5 \leq \text{CPICH Ec/Io} < 0$	dB
49	$0 \leq \text{CPICH Ec/Io}$	dB
...
50 to 98	undefined	n/a
...
99	not known or not detectable	n/a

9.1.4 UE TRANSMITTED POWER +CTXPWR

COMMAND	POSSIBLE RESPONSE(S)
+CTXPWR	+CTXPWR: <txpwr> +CME ERROR: <err>
+CTXPWR=?	+CTXPWR: (list of supported <txpwr>s)

Description

Execution command returns UE transmitted power.

Defined values

<txpwr>:

Returns integer value as per 3GPP 23.133 Section 9.1.6.2.

For the purpose of this command some additional values are added (in red below) for completeness.

Reported value	Measured quantity value (dBm)
104	33<= to <34
103	32<= to <33
102	31<= to <32
...	...
096	25<= to <26
095	24<= to <25
094	23<= to <24
093	22<= to <23
092	21<= to <22
091	20<= to < 21
090	19<= to <20
089	18<= to <19
088	17<= to <18
087	16<= to <17
086	15<= to <16
085	14<= to <15
084	13<= to <14
083	12<= to <13
082	11<= to <12
081	10<= to <11
...	...
023	-48<= to <-47
022	-49<= to <-48
021	-50<= to <-49
....	...
20 to 1	undefined
...	...
0	not known or not detectable

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